



Best Cocktails for BMSB

Results from two years of attraction

*Brown Marmorated Stink Bug Workshop
29 November 2017, Winchester, Virginia*

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USDA Agricultural Research Service

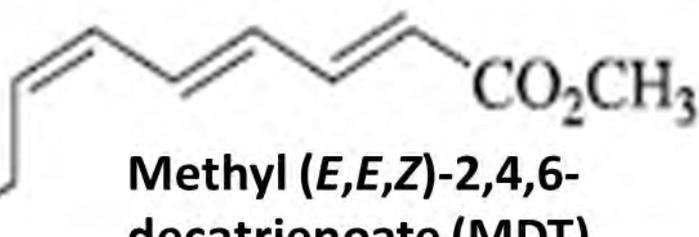
**Invasive Insect Biocontrol & Behavior Lab & Appalachian Fruit Research Lab
Beltsville, Maryland, and Kearneysville, West Virginia**



BMSB

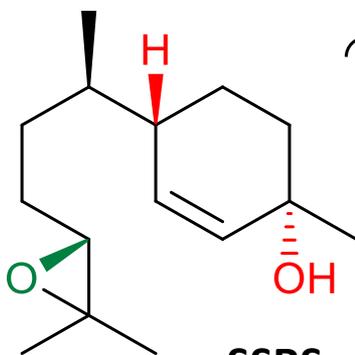
attractants

Plautia stali pheromone



Methyl (*E,E,Z*)-2,4,6-decatrienoate (MDT)

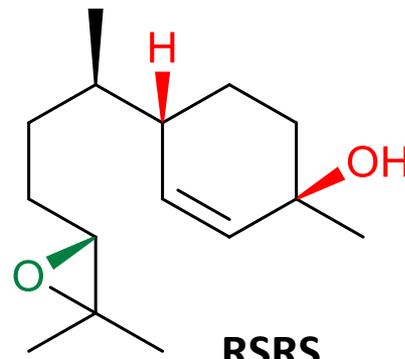
Halyomorpha halys pheromone



SSRS



(3.5 : 1)



RSRS

10,11-epoxy-1-bisabolen-3-ol
(chiral centers: carbons 3,6,7,10)

Ratios (=mixology), doses, and purity !

- **ratio between pheromone components**
 - two stereoisomers (SSRS and RSRS) of 10,11-epoxy-1-bisabolen-3-ol
 - stereospecific synthesis is challenging & expensive
 - racemic mixtures are way cheaper, but impure mixes may not be attractive (or as attractive)
- **ratio between pheromone & other attractants**
 - BMSB pheromone with MDT (*P. stali* pheromone) (others with e.g. plant volatiles)
 - optimal mix may change seasonally
 - economic issues for trapping, attract & kill

Ratios, doses, and purity! – ISSUE\$

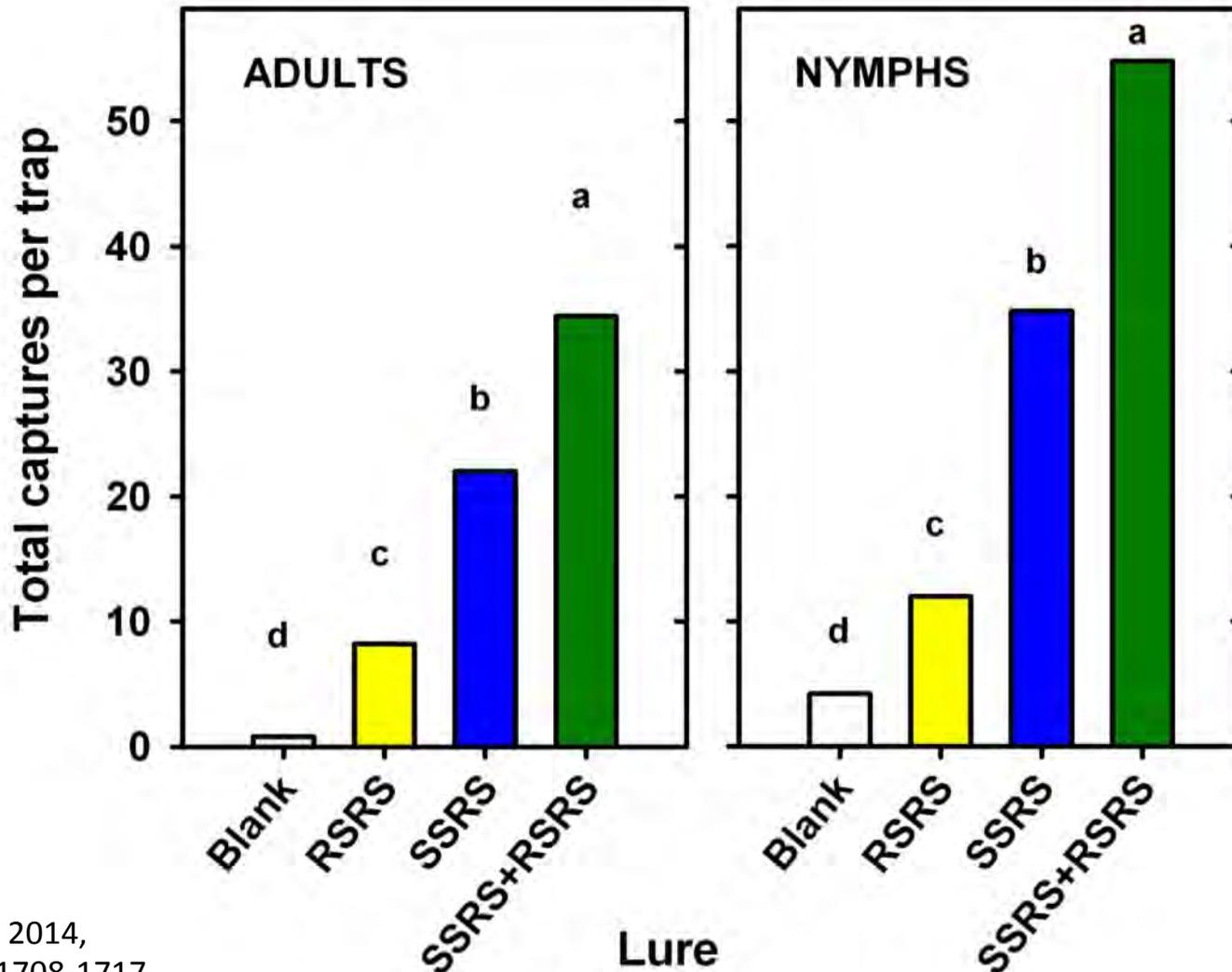
- issue: individual stereoisomers are expensive; better to use a mixture – but only *if* it works!
- economical synthesis from *R*-citronellal produces 8 isomers – for each species, that's 6 that are not part of pheromone
- synthesis also produces a different ratio than that emitted by male marmorated bugs:
 - synthesis produces SSRS:RSRS as 1:1.7, but
 - male produces SSRS:RSRS in 3.5:1 mix!

Best to have both: but only natural ratio tested initially

***H. halys* captures in pyramid traps with pheromone components**

loading: RSRS, 4mg; SSRS, 4mg; SSRS+RSRS, 4mg+1.1mg

5 randomized blocks, 8 June through 30 July 2013, Beltsville, Maryland



Purity: How important for attraction? Not so much!

For BMSB, mixed-isomer preparations with equivalent principal component, (3*S*,6*S*,7*R*,10*S*)-10,11-epoxy-1-bisabolene-3-ol, attract comparable numbers of adult (equal male/female) and nymphal bugs in the field

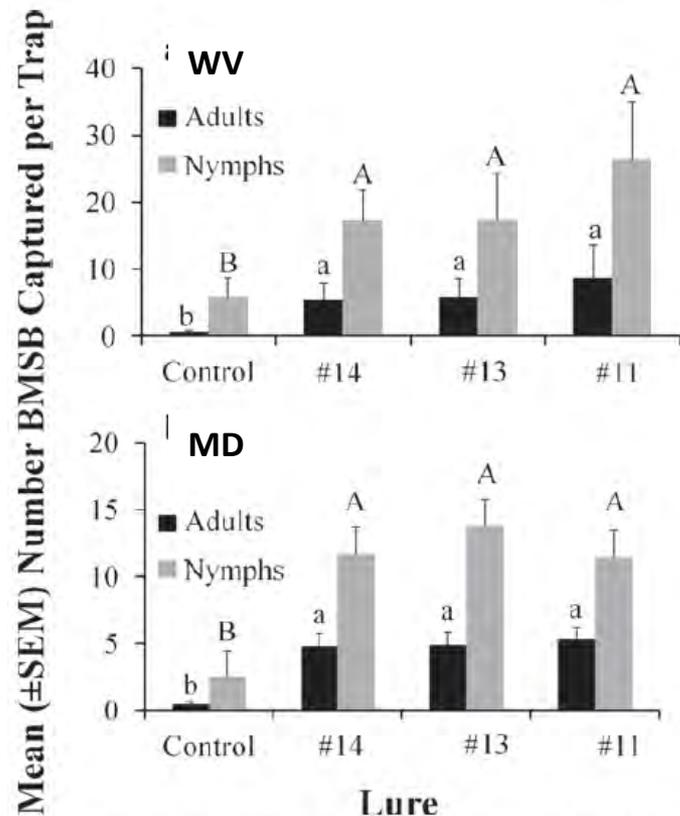


Fig. 4 Purity trial showing mean catches of *Halyomorpha halys* (\pm SE) in a West Virginia and b Maryland from 12 Aug—4 Sep 2013 for lures that were synthesized using racemic citronellal and were minimally purified by one or no chromatographic separations. Bars with shared



Halyomorpha halys
Brown marmorated stink bug

Our original factorial experiment (what we call now, 1:1 ratio):



BMSB pheromone (mixed isomer with ~2mg of SSRS)



MDT (66mg)



Both

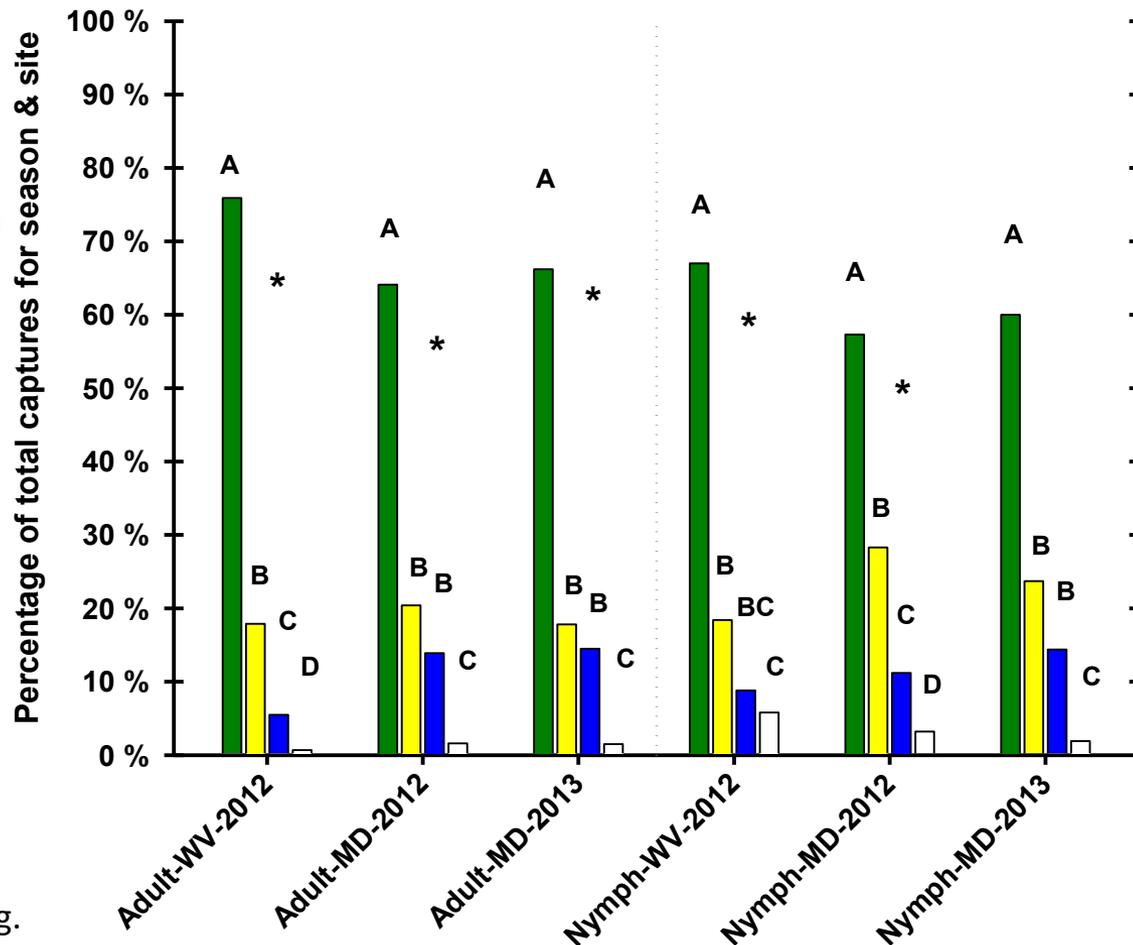
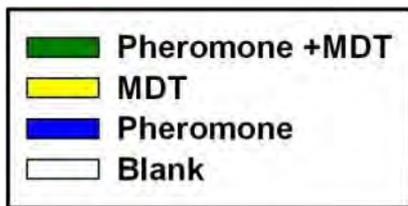


Neither

(black pyramid traps, MD & WV, randomized complete blocks, season-long 2012 & in MD 2013)

Use of pheromone together with MDT produces synergistic attraction ...

Halyomorpha halys Brown marmorated stink bug

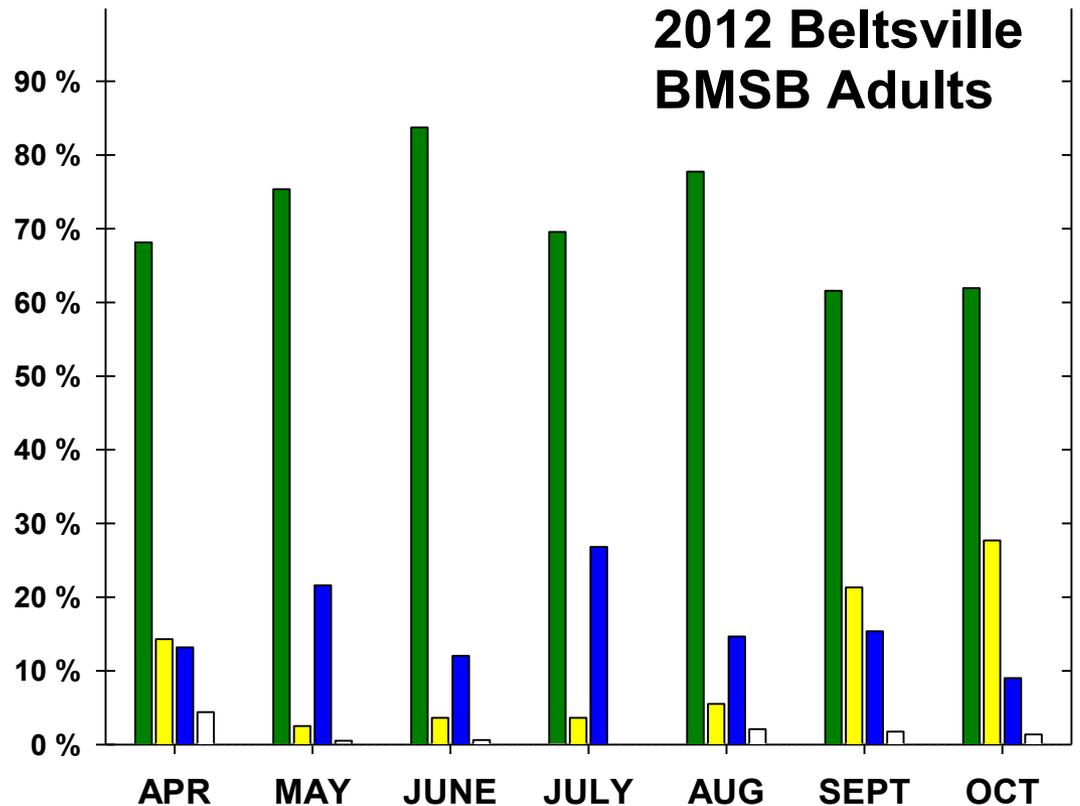
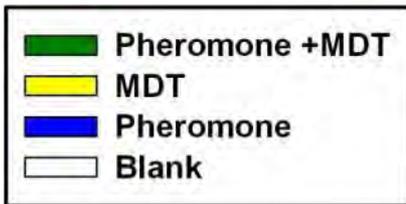


pheromone is mixed-isomer synthetic lure with ~2mg of SSRS-murgantiol; MDT loaded 60-66mg.
Weber et al. 2014, J.Econ.Entomol. 107: 1061-1068.

Combined lure is superior
over the entire season
for adults

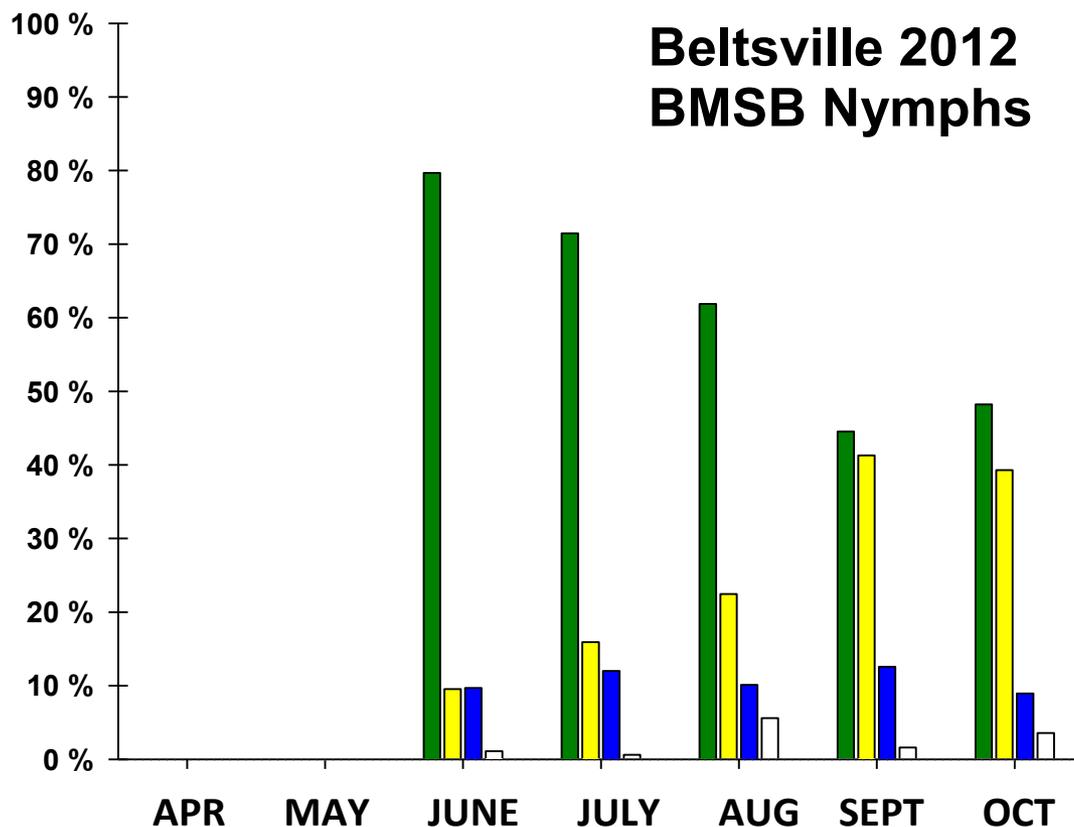
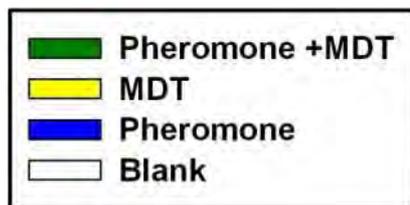
Halyomorpha halys
Brown marmorated stink bug

males &
females
similarly
attracted



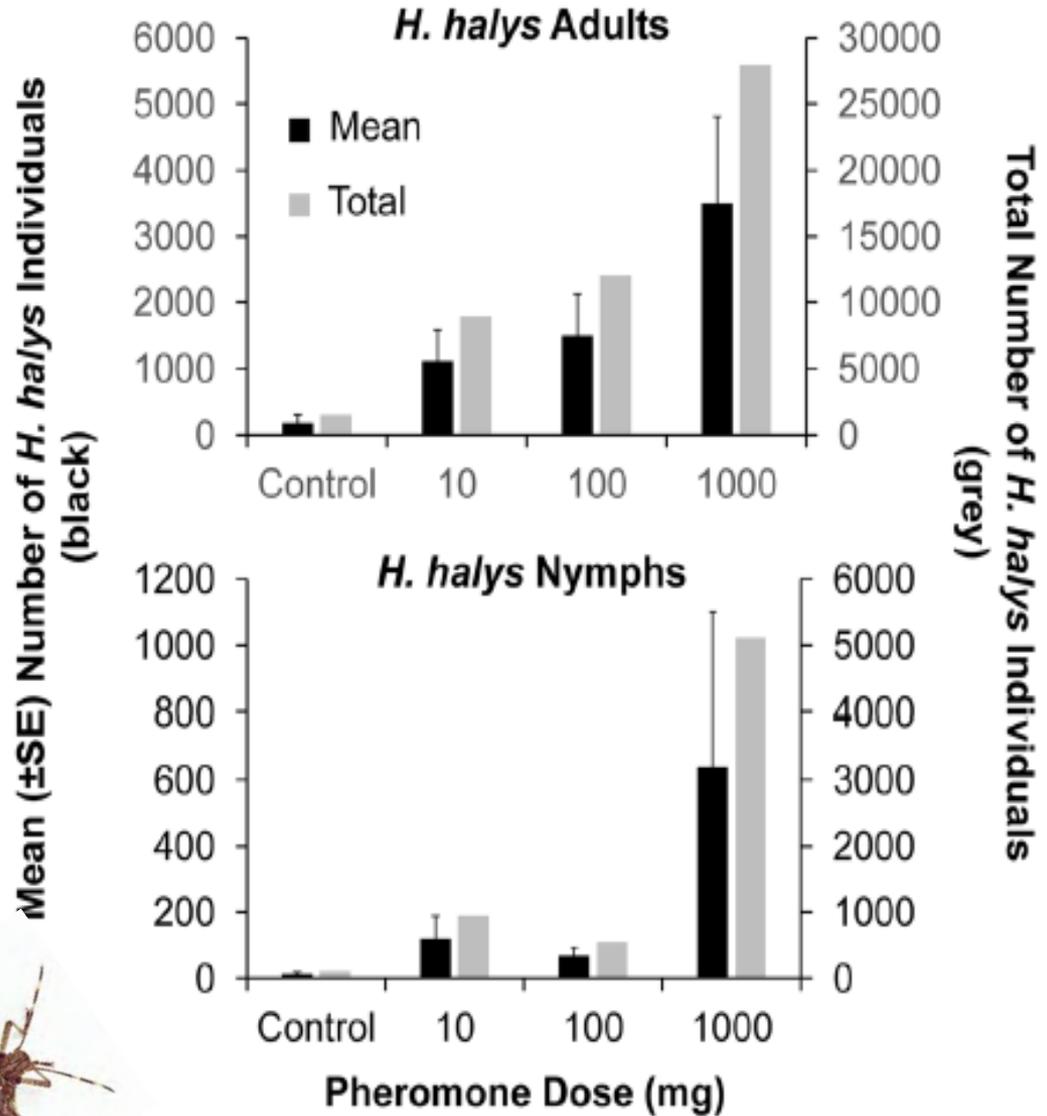
... and also provides superior season-long attraction in nymphs

Halyomorpha halys Brown marmorated stink bug



***H. halys* attraction to mixed-isomer pheromone lures of 0, 10, 100, and 1000mg (!), with 66mg MDT**

August 2013, soybean, West Virginia



pheromone is mixed-isomer synthetic lure Morrison et al. 2016, J. Pest Sci. 89: 81-96.

Detailed Ratio Field Trials

2016 and 2017, Maryland and West Virginia

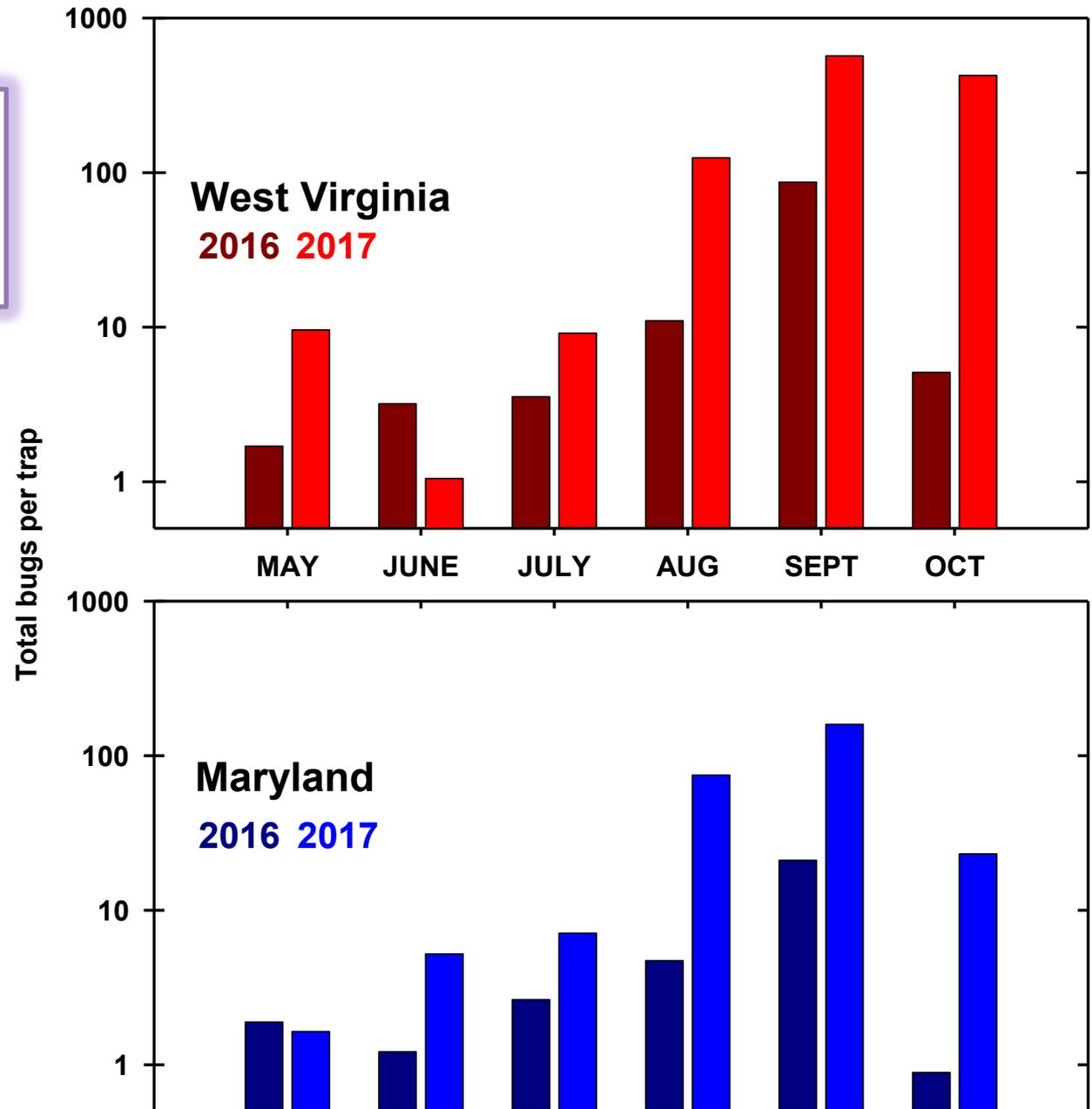
- **Season-long tests of different ratios of BMSB pheromone, mixed murgantiols (=BMSB) and MDT:**
 - BMSB: MDT as 1:1 (original ratio), plus 3:1, 10:1, 3:3, 1:3, 1:10, and blank
 -
- **Month-long trials of ratios of the two BMSB pheromone components (SSRS and RSRS):**
 - without MDT: SSRS only, 3.5:1 SSRS:RSRS (natural ratio), 1:1.7 SSRS:RSRS (synthetic output), RSRS only, and blank (3 trials)
 - with MDT: same as above (1 trial)
- **All experiments run with 4 RCB, full-sized black pyramid traps, collected & re-randomized weekly.**

Season-long Trial of Ratio of BMSB pheromone and MDT 2016 Maryland & West Virginia

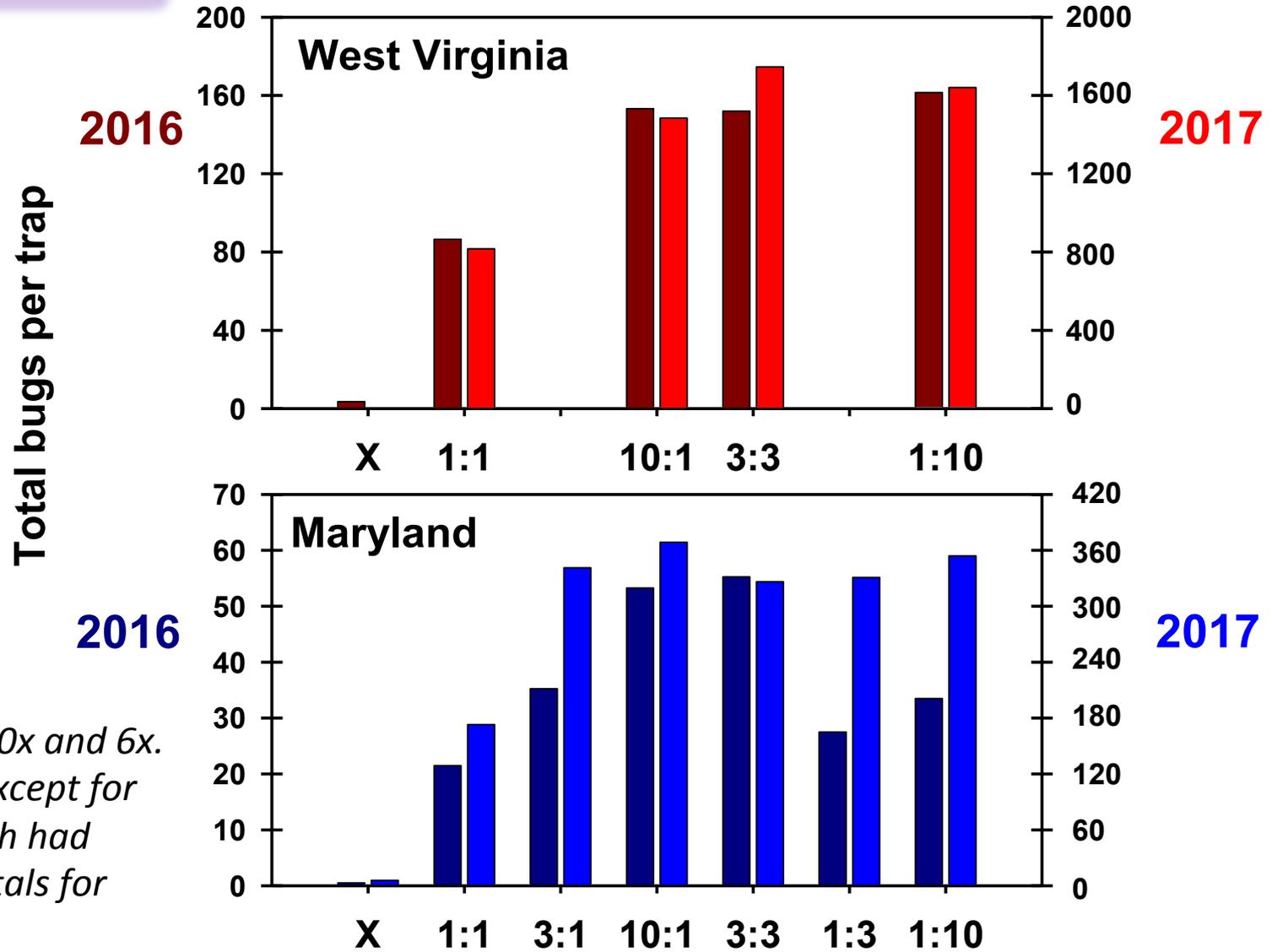
- Default starting point was one mixed pheromone lure (#20) which contains ~2mg of SSRS-murgantiol, plus 66mg (*E,E,Z*)-2,4,6-MDT = “**1:1**”
- 7 treatments in Maryland, 5 in West Virginia:
 - 1:1, (1:3), (3:1), 3:3, 1:10, 10:1, and blank
 - May to October, 4 RCB, full-sized black pyramid traps, collected & re-randomized weekly
 - to see if 1:1 starting point was best for season-long capture, or would additional pheromone or MDT result in higher captures?

Totals for all traps by month 2016 and 2017

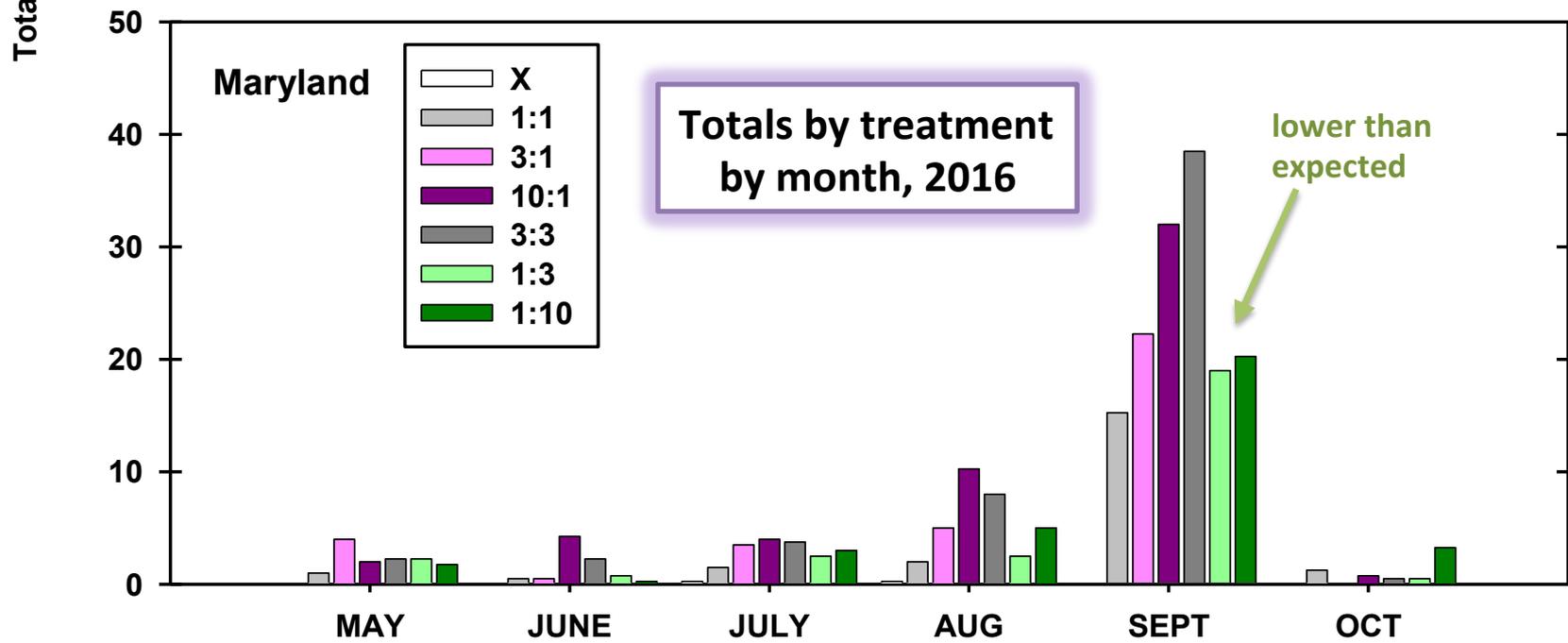
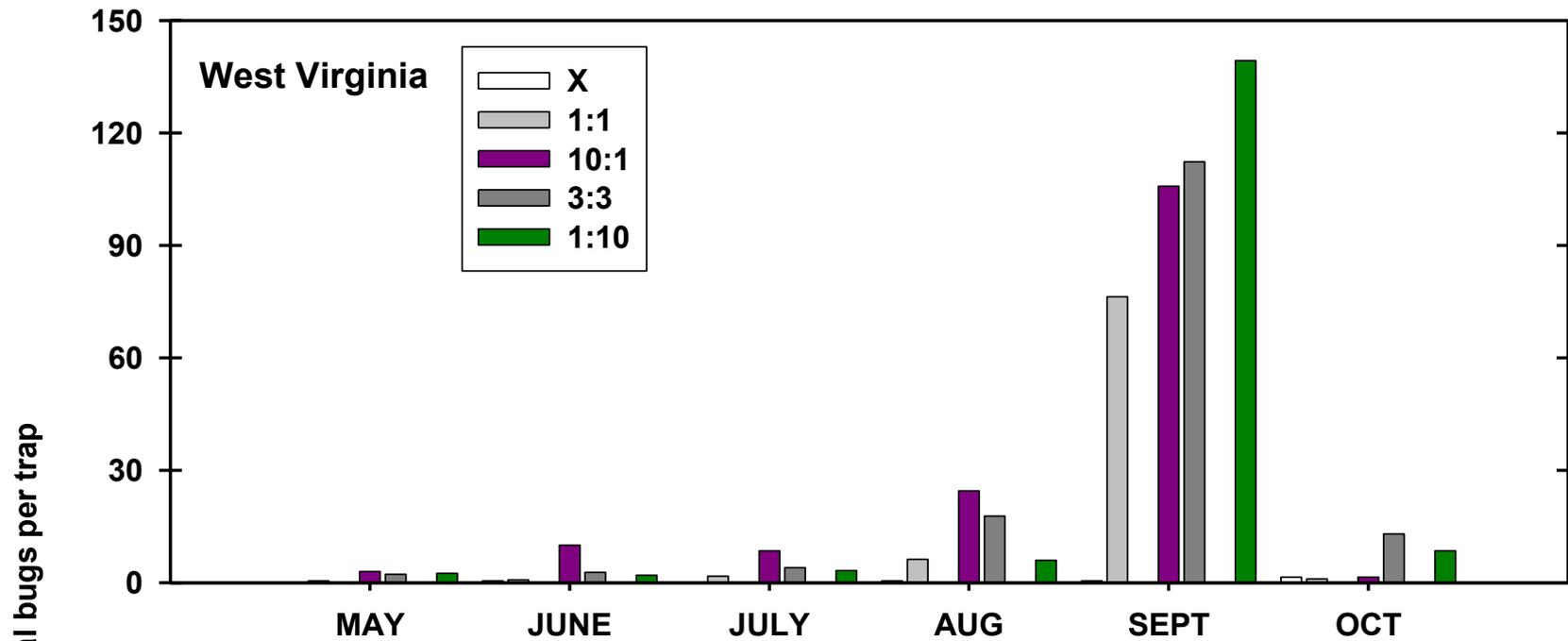
Notice the log scale. Numbers much higher in 2017, especially in late season.

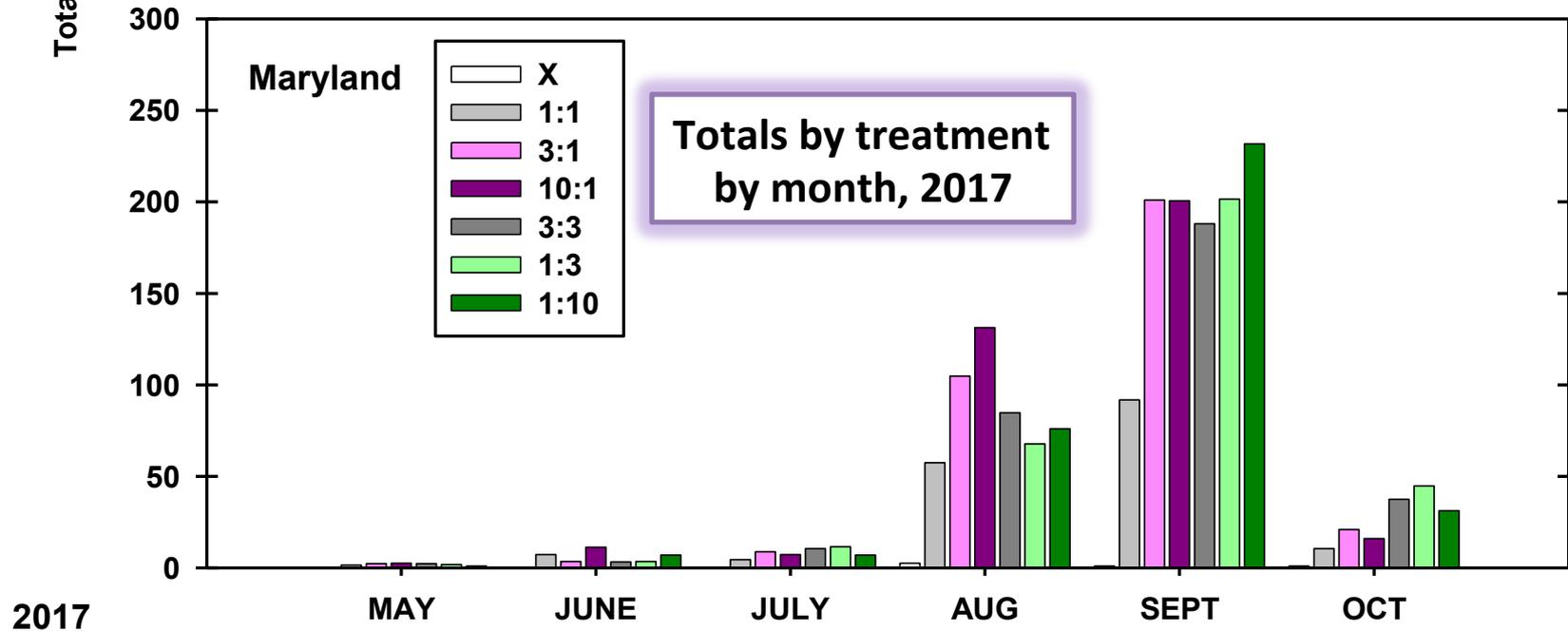
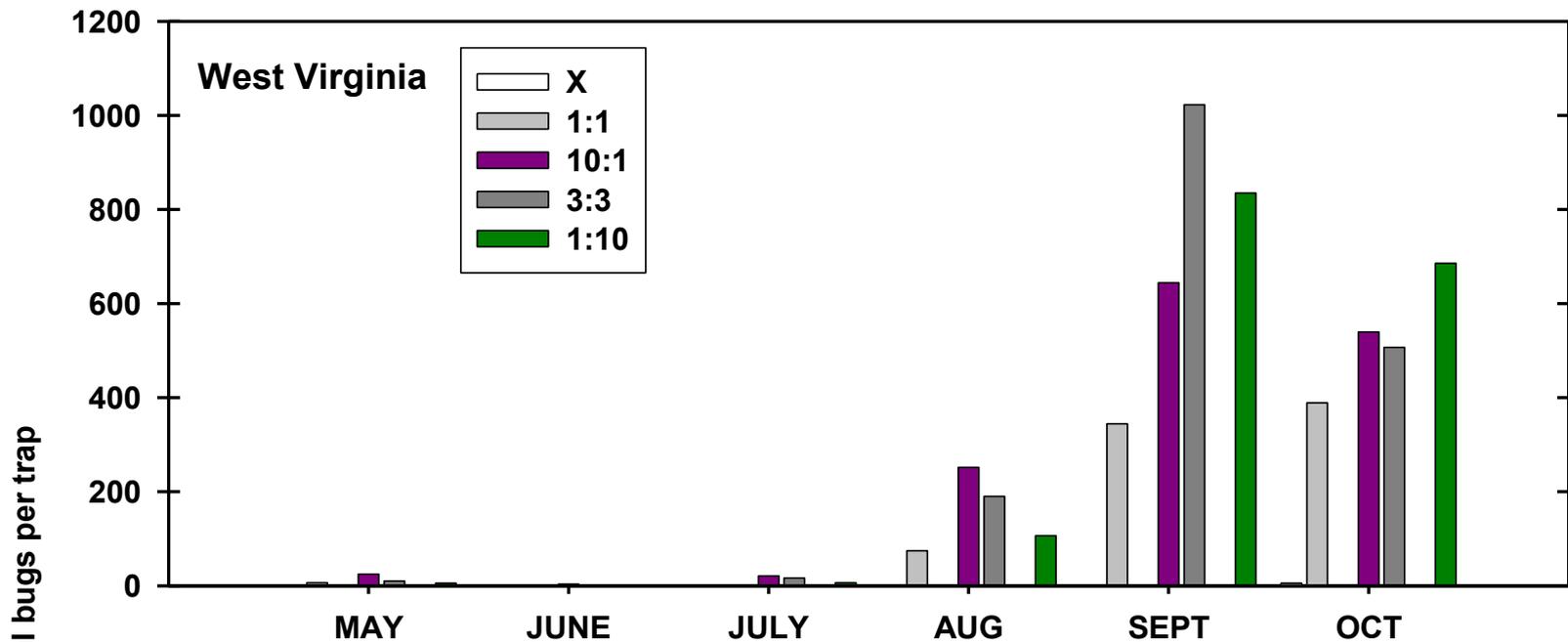


Totals by treatment 2016 and 2017



Scales differ by 10x and 6x. similar pattern except for MD in 2016 which had lower relative totals for high MDT ratios.





2017

Cost effectiveness of commercial attractants

Trécé, 2017, with one lure change per season,
at price of \$3.12/ BMSB lure and \$1.22/MDT lure

Shows that we are in a relatively cost-effective position with the current "1:1" ratio, relative to alternative ratios and loadings

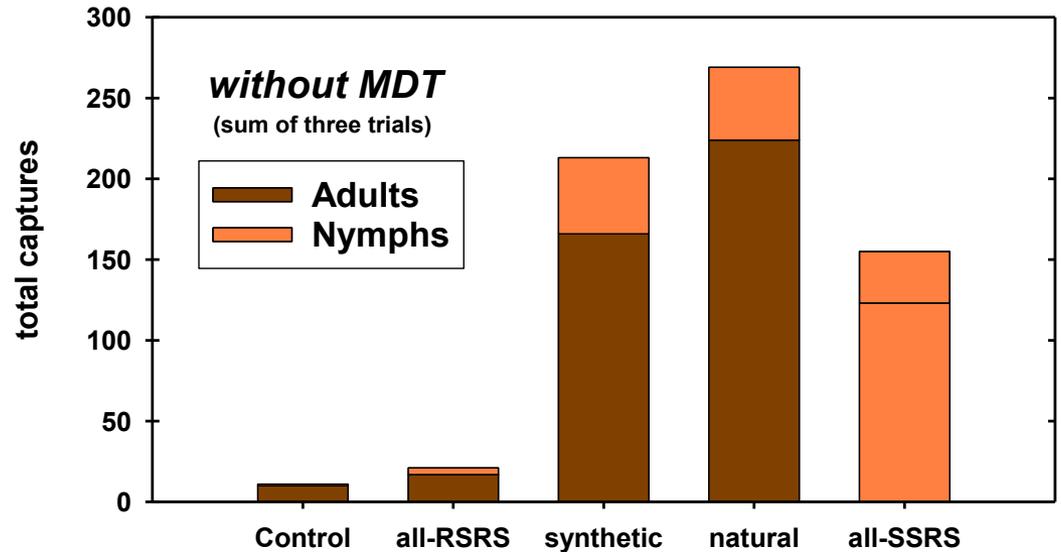
LURE RATIO (MDT:BMSB)	LURE COST per Season	LURE COST / BUG CAUGHT (MD)	bugs/\$ (MD)	LURE COST / BUG CAUGHT (WV)	bugs/\$ (WV)
1:1	\$ 8.68	5.0 ¢	20	1.1 ¢	94
3:1	\$ 21.16	6.0 ¢	17		
10:1	\$ 64.84	19.6 ¢	5	4.4 ¢	23
3:3	\$ 26.04	7.1 ¢	14	1.5 ¢	67
1:3	\$ 13.56	4.0 ¢	25		
1:10	\$ 30.64	9.4 ¢	11	1.9 ¢	54
X	--				

bugs are expensive in Md.!

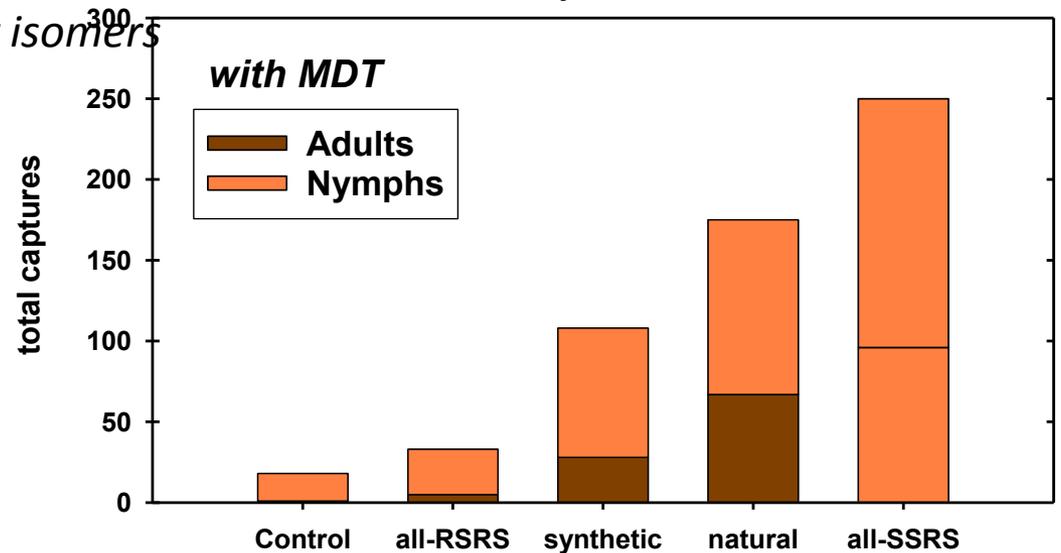
bugs are cheap in W.Va.!

Month-long trials of ratios of the two BMSB pheromone components (SSRS and RSRS)

Natural ratio preferred



Respond to the quantity of major isomers



Conclusions from BMSB Semiochemical Ratio trials 2016-2017 in Maryland and W.Va.



-  As a season-long lure, the *current combination* (“1:1”) of mixed pheromone lure with ~2mg of SSRS-murgantiol, plus 66mg (*E,E,Z*)-2,4,6-MDT, is *reliably attractive throughout the season* (note which AI’s are quantified here).
-  Attraction is not very sensitive to the exact ratio (“more gives more”). *Deviations from current ratio are not critical*, but high ratios of BMSB:MDT tend to attract more in mid-season, whereas low ratios, more in late season.
-  *Exact pheromone ratio* (SSRS:RSRS) *is not critical for attraction in the presence of MDT*. The important factor is the quantity of SSRS, not RSRS or any other non-pheromone murgantiol stereoisomer. The somewhat higher attractiveness of the natural stereoisomeric ratio, compared to the synthetic stereoisomeric mix is apparently only important in the absence of MDT.
-  *Individual bugs probably differ in their responses* (to be lab-tested), but overall attraction to our current two-lure combination is strong in all seasons for males, females, and nymphs!



Have we got the right ratio?



Have we got the right ratio?

pretty much,
yes!



Many thanks



- **Tony Rugh, Chris Hott, Lee Carper, John Cullum, Liz Fread, Emma Thrift, Treva Rowley, Jeremy Turner, Kayla Pasteur, Nate Erwin, Fil Guzman, Shyam Shiraly, and others!**
- **USDA NIFA SCRI**
- **USDA ARS**

