BMSB in Western Region California's and Utah's Increasing Concerns

Kent Daane - University of California, Berkeley

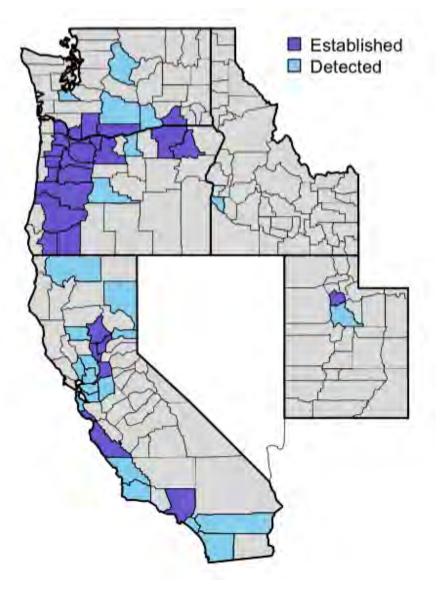
Diane Alston - Utah State University





This material is based upon work that is supported by the National Institute of Food and Agriculture, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Specialty Crop Research Initiative under award number 2016-51181-25409.

BMSB in Western Region



California:

Frank Zalom (UCD), Mark Hoddle (UCR), Jhalendra Rijal (UCCE Areawide IPM), Emily Symmes (UCCE Areawide IPM), Chuck Ingels (UCCE Sacramento Co.), Monica Cooper (UCCE Napa Co.)

Utah: Lori Spears (Utah State Univ.)

BMSB in California

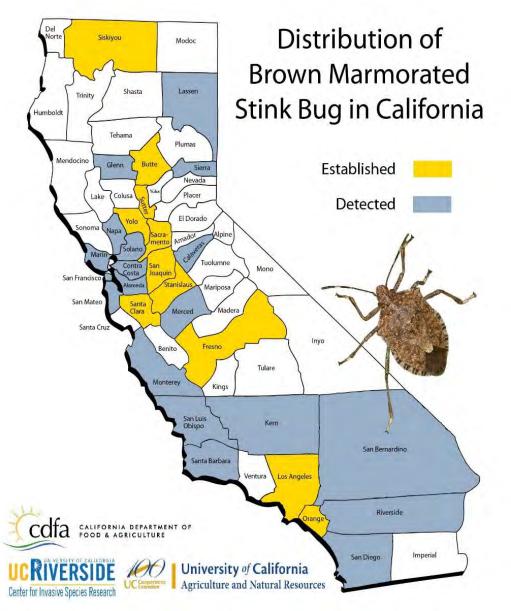


>\$50 billion Top agricultural counties are in the Central Valley, other valuable crops throughout the state

<u>Almonds</u> (\$5.8 B) <u>Grapes</u> (\$5.2 B) <u>Walnuts</u> (\$1.8 B) <u>Pistachios</u> (\$1.6 B) <u>Oranges</u> (\$950 M) <u>Peaches</u> (\$356 M) <u>Kiwifruit (\$32 M)</u>

2014 summary (CDFA)

BMSB in California



>\$50 billion

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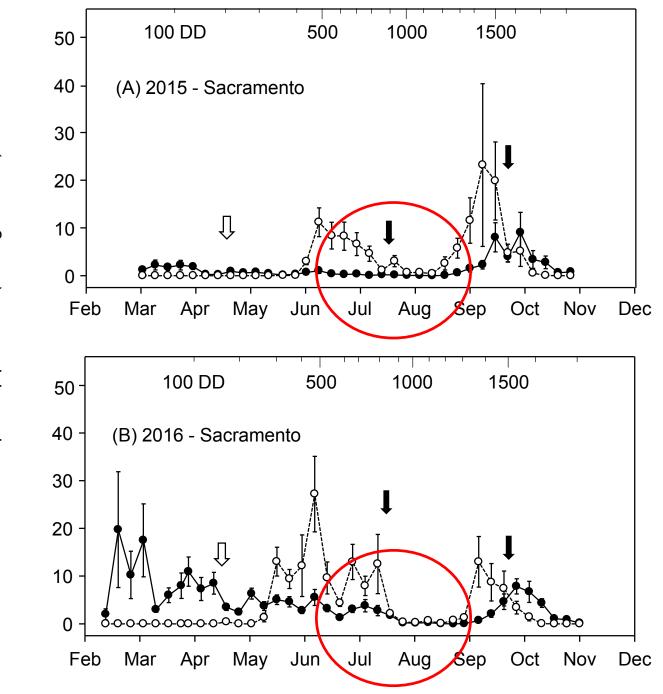
2017 summary (UCR/CDFA)

BMSB in California – Urban Areas

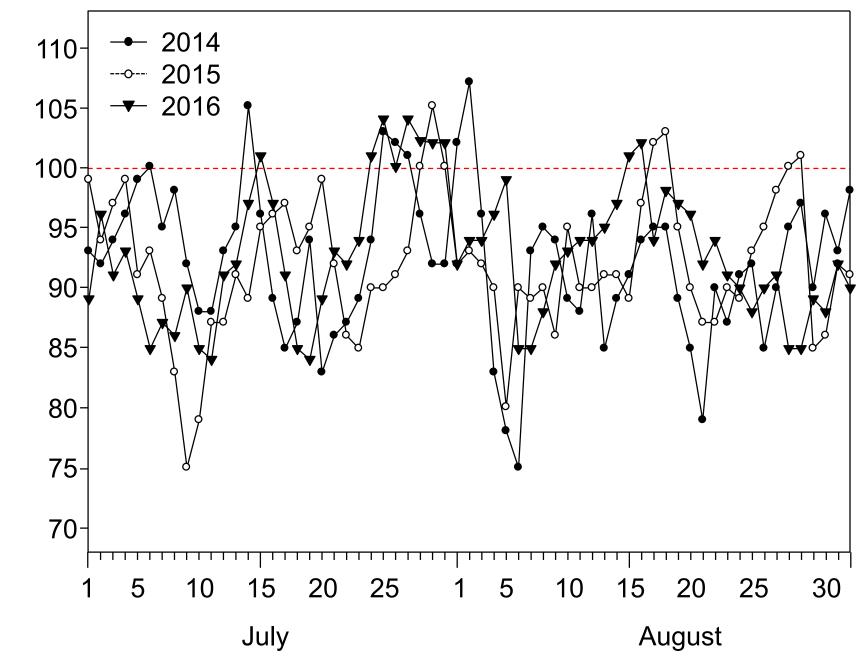




In California, early BMSB finds were in urban areas (Los Angeles, San Jose, and Sacramento), and found in gardens and on landscape trees (e.g., tree of heaven).



BMSB per trap per week (average ± SEM)



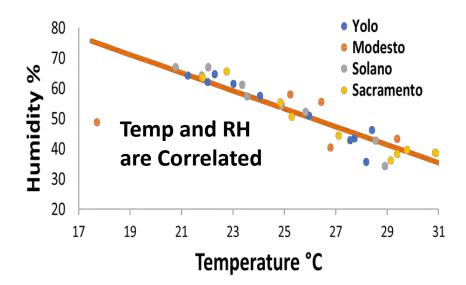
Daily high temperature (°F)

Impact of temperature and humidity on BMSB in the Central Valley

Joanna Fisher, Frank Zalom, Jhalendra Rijal, Chuck Ingels

1) Summer 2017 Field Study

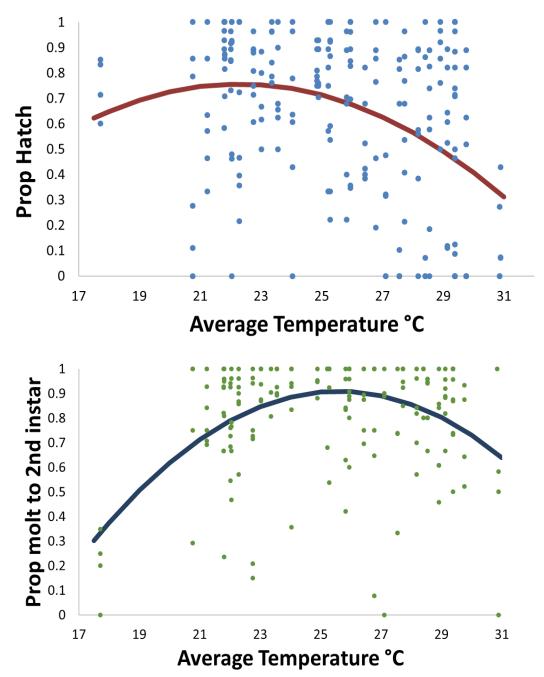
- Established colony and obtained regulatory permits
- •At 4 sites, placed eggs in trees for 48 hr., then returned to lab
- Reared exposed eggs to 2nd instar, measured mortality





2) On-going research (2017-18)

- Lab studies to separate effects of temperature and humidity
- Field studies of BMSB egg and adult survival in different locations in California



Impact of Temperature and Humidity on BMSB

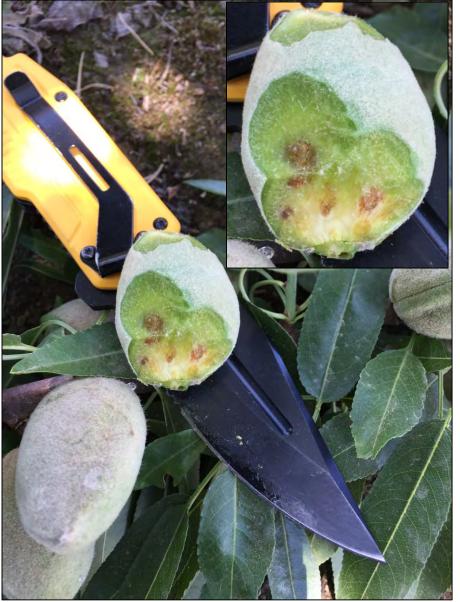
Hatch rate (Figure 1) and survival to the 2nd instar (Figure 2) decline with high temp (low RH) or low temp (high RH)

Overall finding: High temps in the Central Valley decrease BMSB egg hatch and nymph survival



In 2016 BMSB finds in orchards were reported, and in 2017 crop damage in peaches and almonds were found.





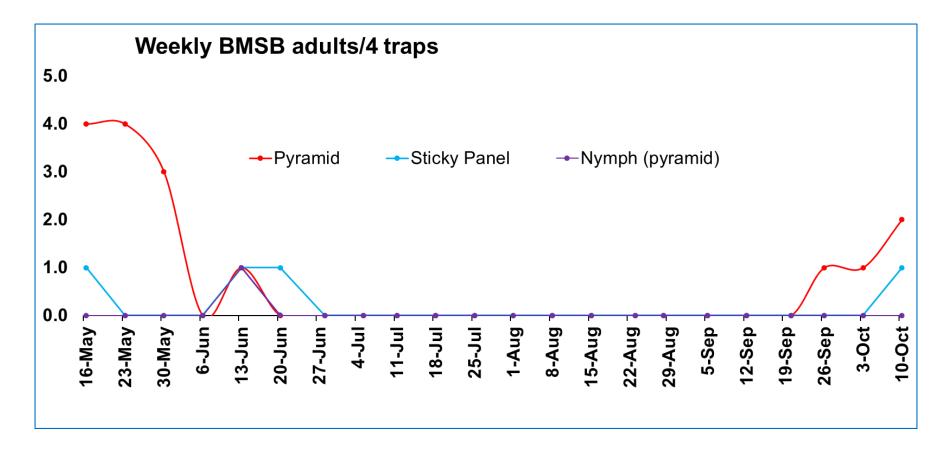
Ongoing studies: Jhalendra Rijal, Frank Zalom

BSMB damage to almonds

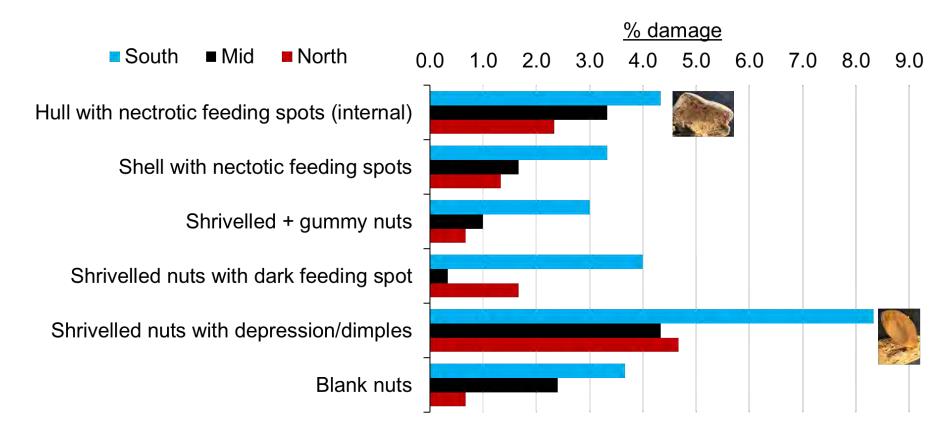




Almond – BMSB adult trap counts (var. non-pareil)



Almond - % damage at harvest (var. non-pareil)



400 nuts from each of the northern, middle, and southern portions of the orchard

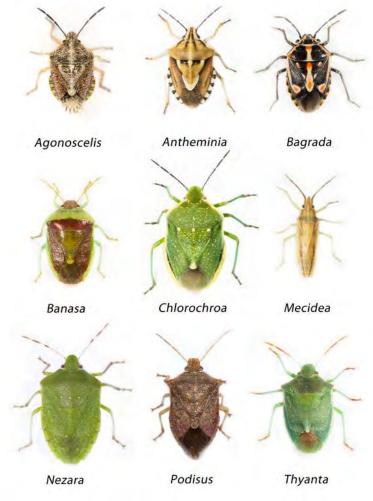
BMSB in California – Agriculture Napa – collected 0 (2015), 1 (2016) and 47 (2017)



BMSB Parasitoid Studies in California

Mark Hoddle & Jesus (Ricky) Lara

- Complement national efforts being led by Kim Hoelmer (USDA) and other lab teams
- Non-target stink bugs, including exotic and native species
- Expose *T. japonicus* to different stink bugs and categorize encounters



BMSB Parasitoid Studies in California



Eclosed Nymphs

Dead nymph

Undeveloped Nymphs

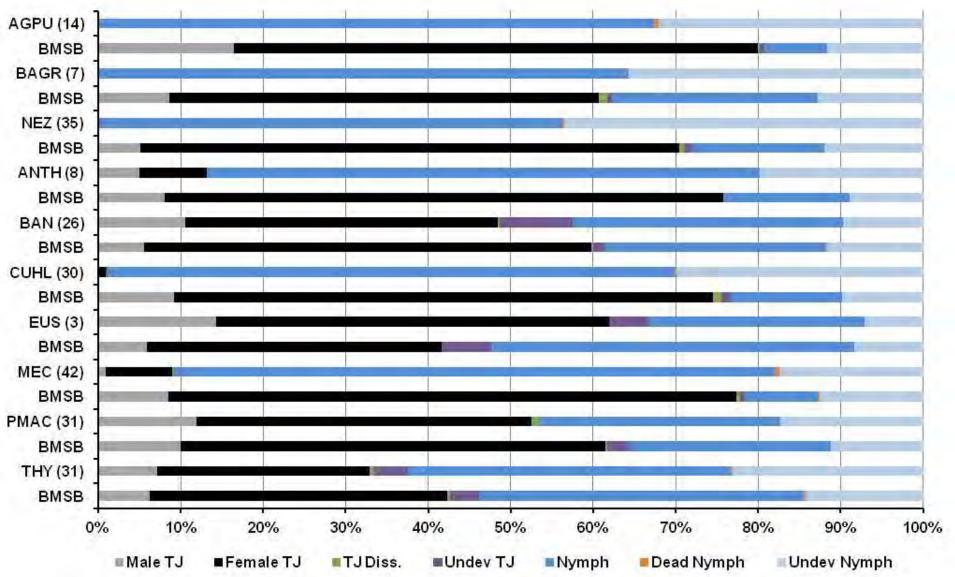


Undeveloped Parasitoids

Failed Adult Emergences

Eclosed Parasitoids

BMSB Parasitoid Studies in California



BMSB in Utah

Diane Alston, Lori Spears, Cody Holthouse*, Zach Schumm* & Cami Cannon**

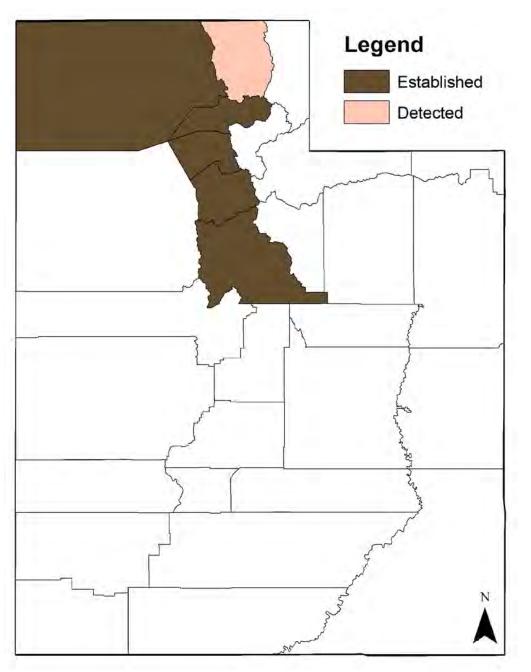
Utah State University

 *Graduate students, **Vegetable IPM Associate





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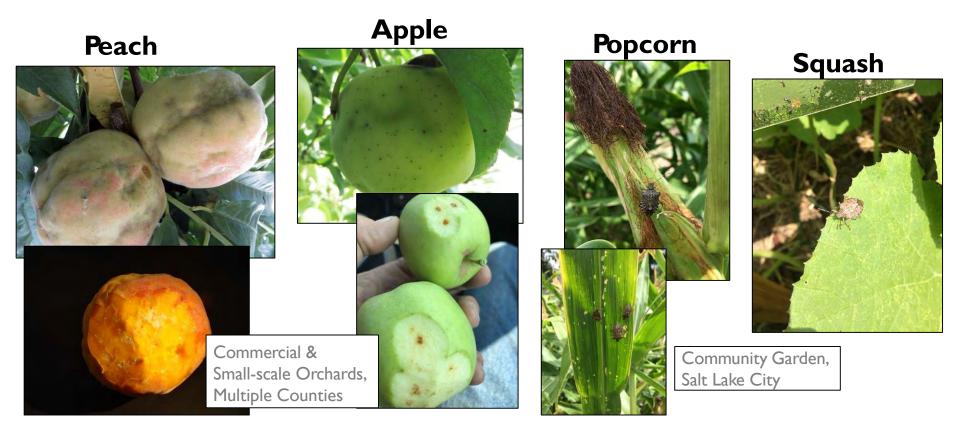


Utah BMSB Distribution by County

6 counties: Cache (USU, Logan – detection only), Box Elder, Weber, Davis, Salt Lake, Utah



CROP DAMAGE (1ST CONFIRMATION) 2017: First detection of agricultural economic damage



BMSB in Utah: Host Plant Use

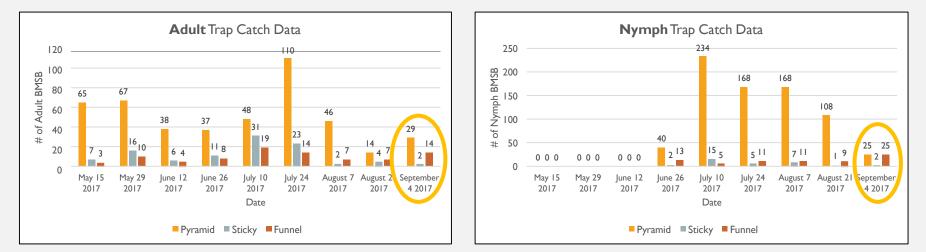
EXTENSI	ON#		USU Links Extension Links Social Me
UtahStateUn	iversity Pests		Google Custom Sr
COOPE	RATIVE AGR	CULTURAL PEST SU	JRVEY
RMSR P	ant Hosts of Uta	h	BROWSE CAPS
Current Known Host Plants of Brown Marmorated Stink Bug in Utah			Utah CAPS Program
			Invasive Species
Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Survey Updates Featured Pests Report an Invasive Pest Get Involved Educational Materials Contact Us UTAH PESTS PROGRAMS UTAH PESTS Home IPM Integrated Pest Management Management Management Management Cooperative Agricultural Pest
Aceraceae	Acer freemanii	Autumn blaze maple	
Aceraceae	Acer ginnala	Amur maple	
Aceraceae	Acer negundo	boxelder	
Aceraceae	Acer nigrum	black maple	
Aceraceae	Acer Palmatum	fireglow Japanese maple	
Aceraceae	Acer platanoides	Norway maple	
Aceraceae	Acer platanoides	Norway maple 'Crimson King'	
Apocynaceae	Vinca major	vinca	
Araliaceae	Hedera helix	English ivy	
Berberidaceae	Mahonia repens	creeping oregon grape	
Bignoniaceae	Campsis radicans	trumpet vine	
Bignoniaceae	Catalpa speciosa	catalpa	
Boraginaceae	Borago officinalis	borage	
Buddlejaceae	Buddleia spp.	butterfly bush	
Caprifoliaceae	Lonicera maackii	Amur honeysuckle	
Cornaceae	Cornus alba	redtwig dogwood variation 'Elegantissima'	
Cucurbitaceae	Cucurbita pepo	squash	
Fabaceae	Caragana arborescens	Siberian pea shrub	
Fabaceae	Cercis canadensis	eastern redbud	
Fabaceae	Gleditsia triacanthos	honey locust	Survey
Fabaceae	Robinia pseudoacacia	purple robe black locust	
	Robinia pseudoacacia	black locust	
Fabaceae Fagaceae	Fagus sylvatica	tri-color beech	

https://utahpests.usu.edu/caps/bmsb-host-plants

Residential surveys in 4 counties (northern UT) 49 plant species and 20 plant families.

Most common: Aceraceae (maple, boxelder), Bignoniaceae (catalpa, trumpet vine) Fabaceae (Siberian pea shrub, locust) Oleaceae (privet, lilac), Rosaceae (apple, cherry, plum, peach)

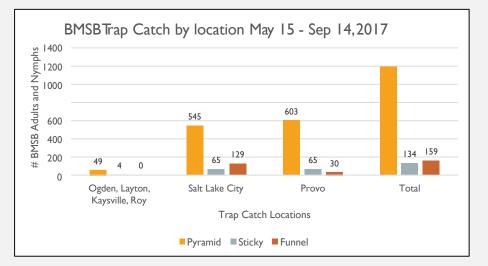
BMSB in Utah: Phenology / Voltinism



Partial 2nd generation?

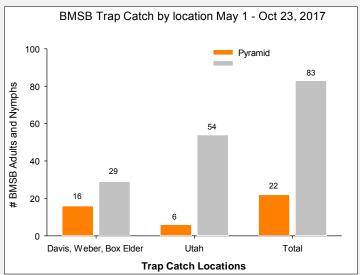
High numbers of late-instar nymphs in the fall in catalpa trees

BMSB in Utah: Trap Efficiency



Residential Ornamental Sites

Pyramid >> Dual Funnel, Dual Sticky Panel (adults & nymphs)



Dual Sticky Panel >> Pyramid (few nymphs)

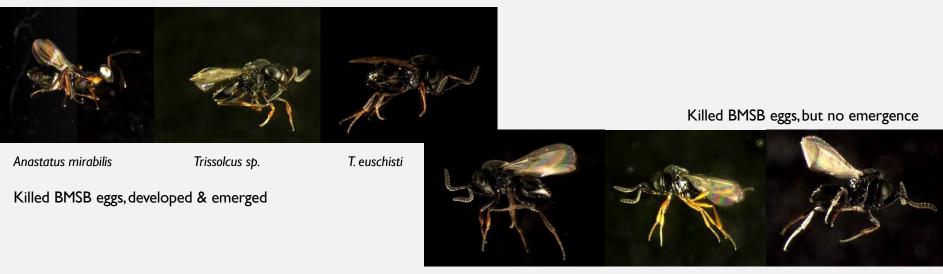
Commercial Orchard Sites

BMSB in Utah: Egg Parasitism

•118 BMSB egg masses deployed (lab-reared) & monitored (wild)

- Residential & agricultural landscapes (June-September)
- •Catalpa, boxelder, Russian olive, apple, peach elderberry & corn

8 egg masses parasitized (6.8%)



T. utahensis

Telenomus sp.

Psix tunetanus

BMSB in Utah: Next Generation Training / Outreach

- 2 graduate & 5 undergraduate students
- 3 extension publications (invasive fruit pest guide, updated BMSB, first detector guide)
- 1 newsletter article (Utah Pests News)
- 4 conference presentations
- 5 public talks
- 1 grower field day (Utah Tree Fruit Field Day)
- 2 extension agent in-service workshops
- 9 farmers' market displays (booths with hand-outs & interactive displays)
- 1 radio broadcast (Utah Public Radio)
- 3 USU Extension website additions/updates



