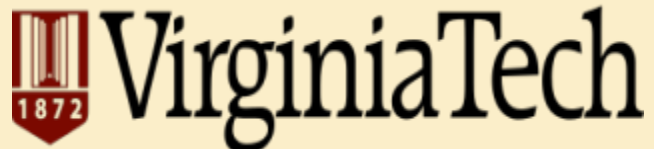


**Brown marmorated stink bug *Halyomorpha halys*  
(Hemiptera: Pentatomidae), development and  
survival on single and mixed diets of selected fruit  
trees and wild hosts**

**Angelita Acebes-Doria, Tracy C. Leskey,  
& J. Christopher Bergh**



# BACKGROUND



- ◆ Highly polyphagous:  
agriculturally important crops and wild hosts

- ◆ Knowledge gap:

The relative suitability of different hosts on BMSB development and survival is unknown

# OBJECTIVE

To investigate the development and survivorship of *H. halys* on single and mixed diets of tree fruits and wild tree hosts

Tree fruit hosts:



*Malus domestica*  
Apple



*Prunus persica*  
Peach



*Catalpa speciosa*  
Catalpa



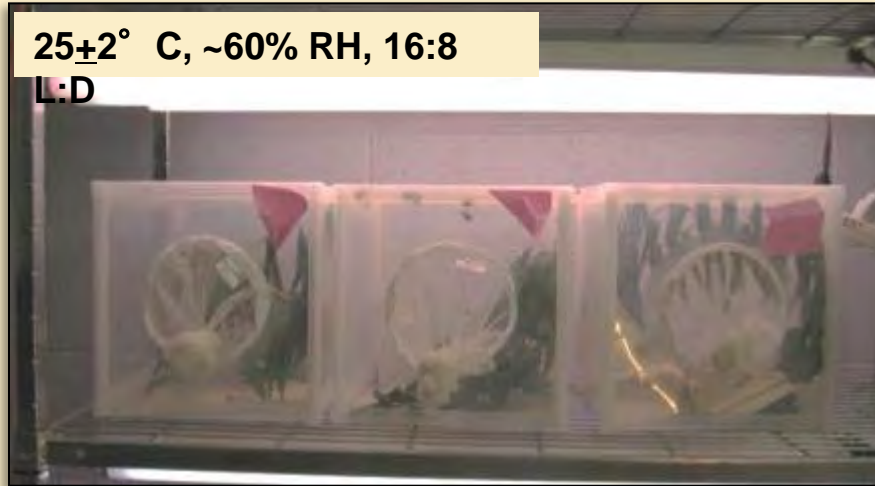
*Ailanthus altissima*  
Tree of heaven

# HYPOTHESIS

Mixed diets are more suitable for *H. halys* development and survivorship than single diets



# METHODS: EGG COLLECTION



Mating cages with field-collected adults



Tree of heaven foliage as oviposition substrate



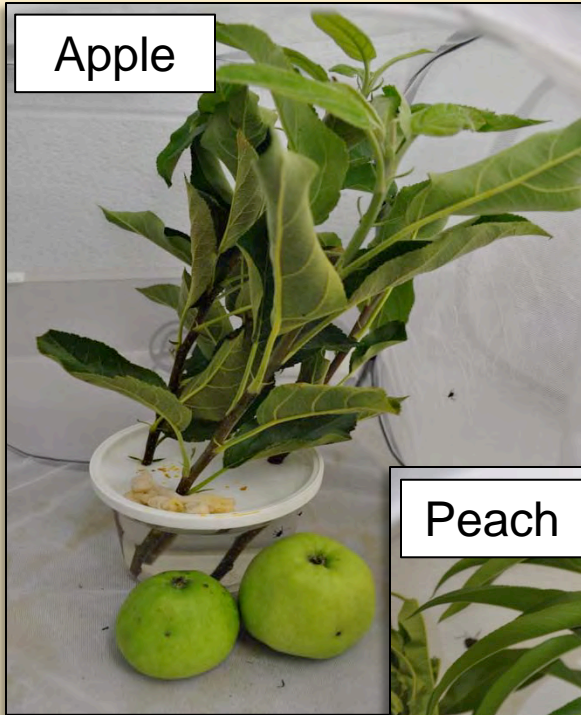
Individual egg masses in diet cups



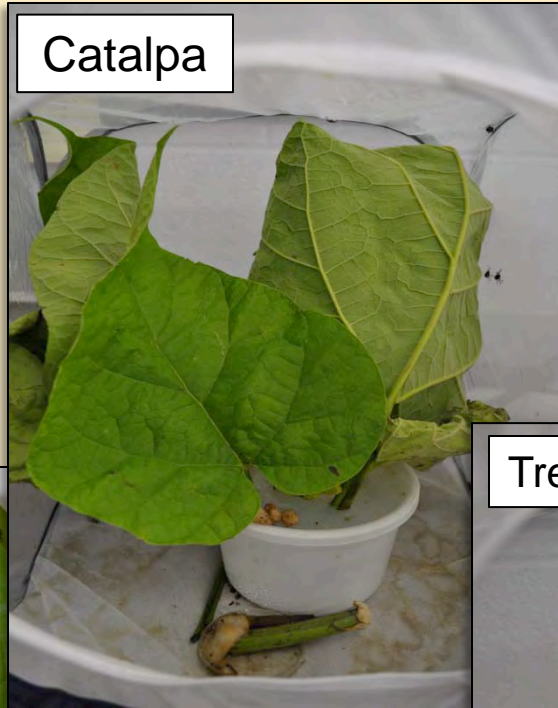
1 egg mass (~28 eggs)/treatment

# DIET TREATMENTS: SINGLE

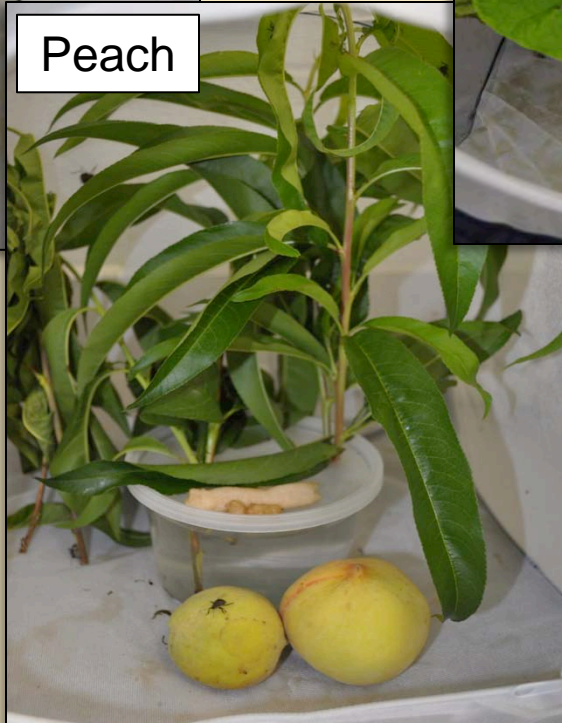
Apple



Catalpa



Peach



Tree of Heaven (ToH)



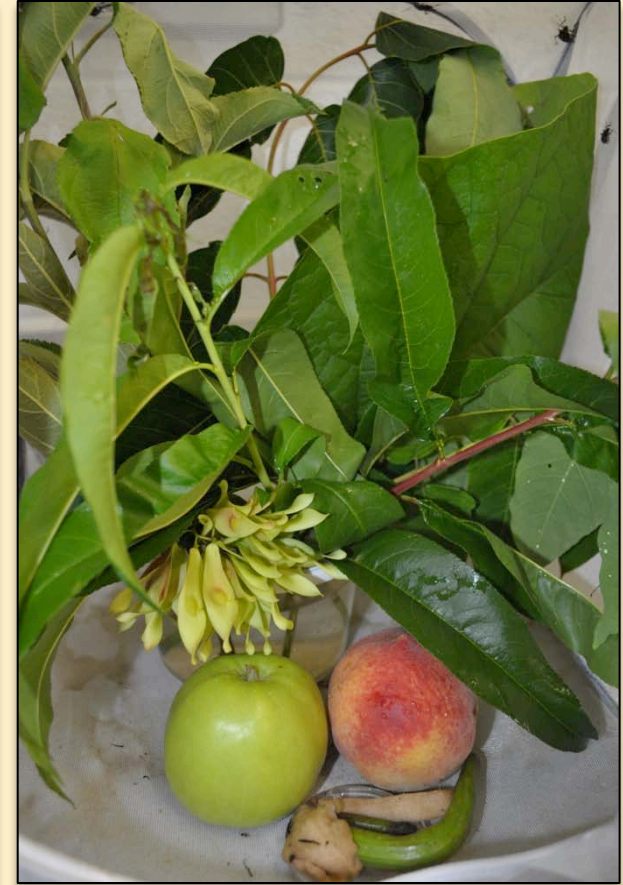
# DIET TREATMENTS: MIXED



1. Apple
2. ToH



1. Apple
2. ToH
3. Peach



1. Apple
2. ToH
3. Peach
4. Catalpa

# METHODS

- ✓ Plant materials collected from the field and replaced at 3- to 4-day intervals
- ✓ Experiment conducted twice:
  - ✓ Early-season – early June
  - ✓ Late-season – mid-August (on going)
- ✓ Reproductive structures used were dependent on their availability in the field



## ToH reproductive structures:



Early June

mid-June to early-September

Mid-September to Nov.



# RESPONSE VARIABLES

## Developmental parameters:

- ◆ Adult emergence
- ◆ Stage-specific survivorship
- ◆ Developmental time
- ◆ Adult live body weight
- ◆ Adult pronotal width (size)
- ◆ Nutrient analysis of resulting adults:

sugar, lipid and protein

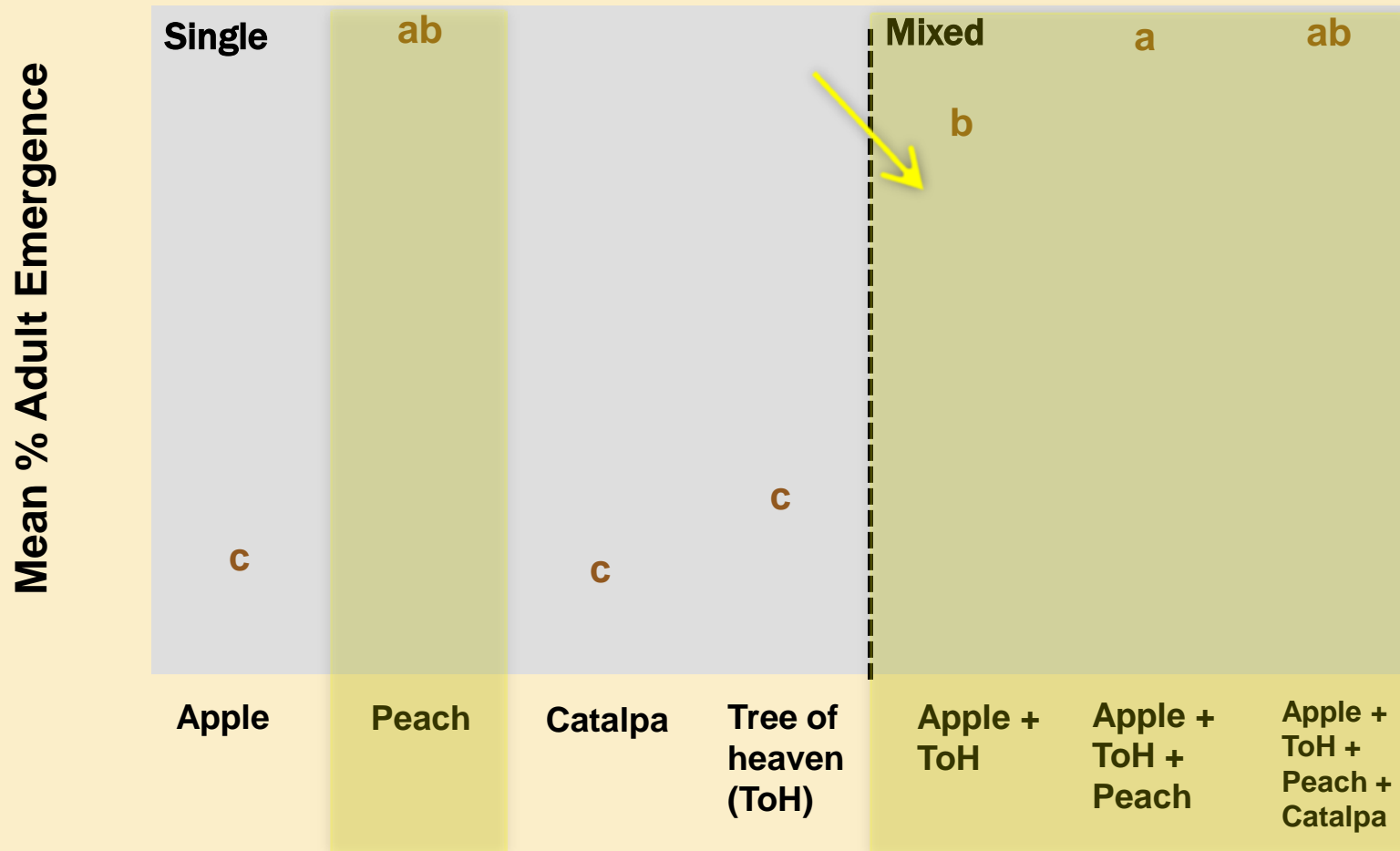
- spectrophotometric method (Van Handel and Day, 1988)
- to be done



# RESULTS: ADULT EMERGENCE

## Early-season:

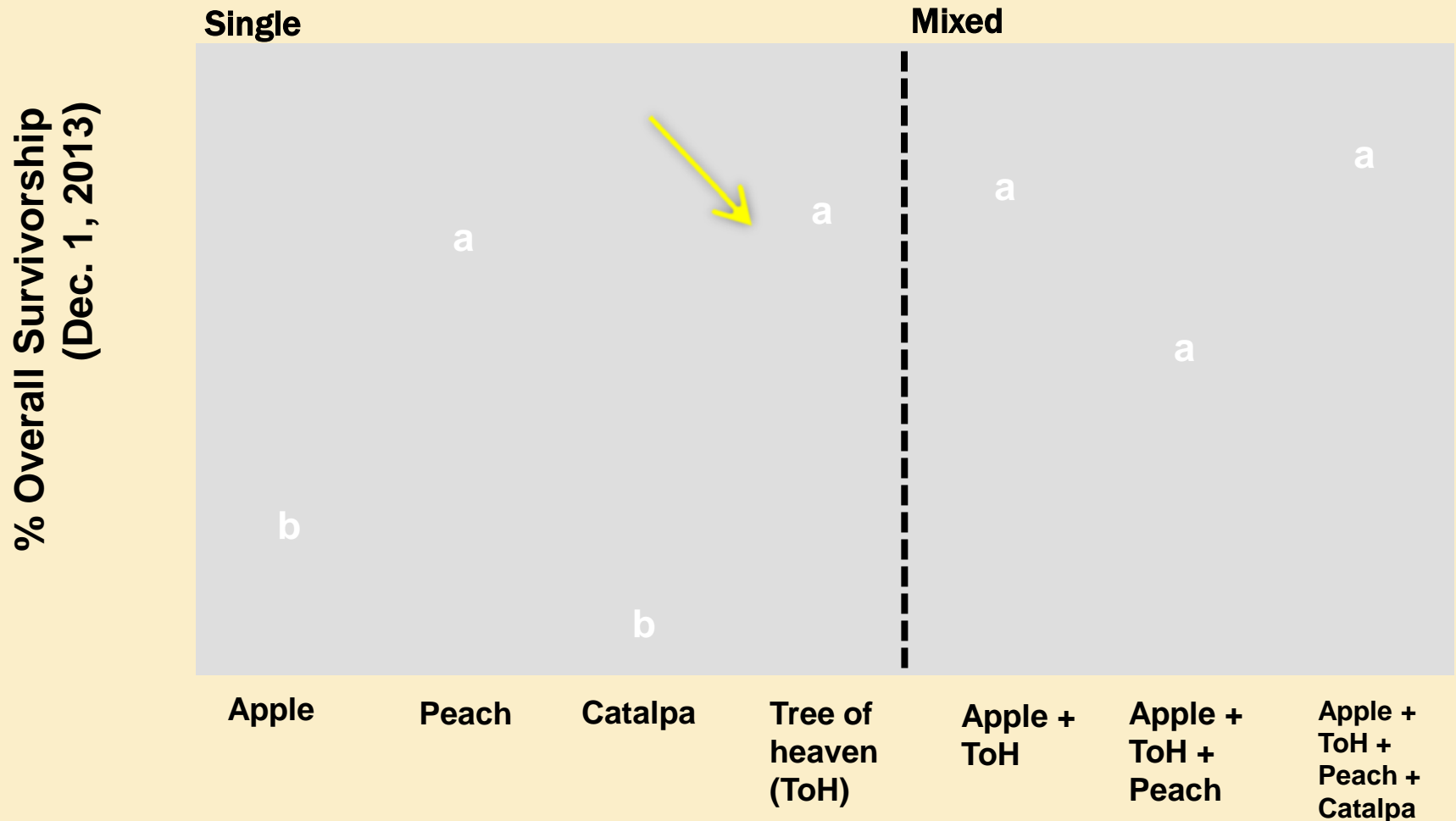
- ✓ High survivorship on mixed diets and single diets of peach  $P < .0001$
- ✓ Apple and ToH as single diets are less suitable, but become suitable when combined



# RESULTS: OVERALL SURVIVORSHIP

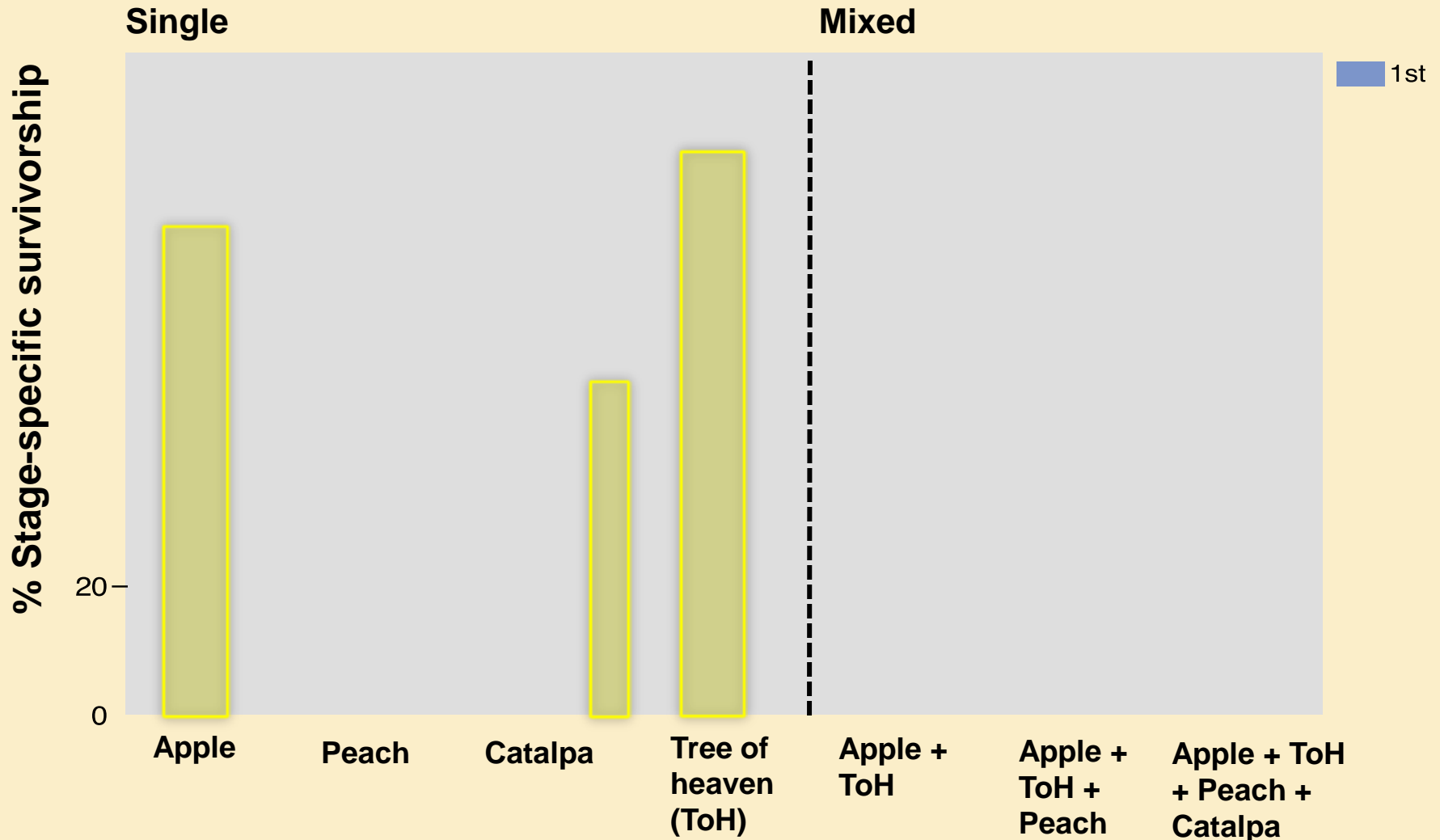
## Late-season:

- ✓ Yes, similar trend was observed except for ToH as a single diet  $P = .0005$



# RESULTS: STAGE-SPECIFIC SURVIVORSHIP

- ✓ Low 2<sup>nd</sup> ( $P = .0453$ ) and 3<sup>rd</sup> ( $P < .0001$ ) instar survivorships on apple and ToH
- ✓ Low 5<sup>th</sup> instar survivorship on catalpa ( $P < .0001$ )



# RESULTS: DEVELOPMENTAL TIME

- ✓ BMSB developed faster on mixed diets and single diets of peach and ToH
- ✓ Longer development on single diets of apple and catalpa

Mixed diets

Single diets

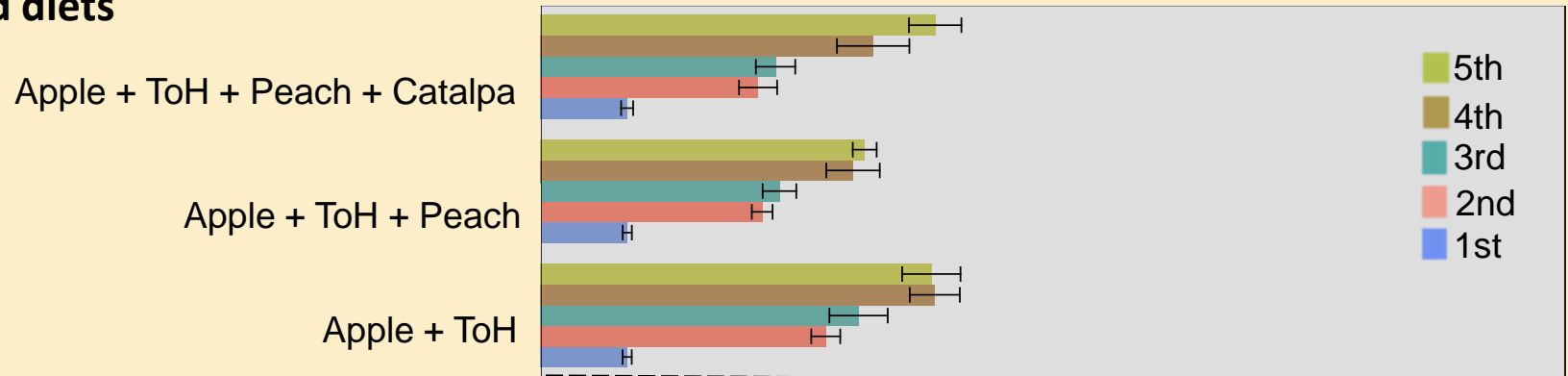


Numbers in each bar indicate the number of individuals that reached adulthood.

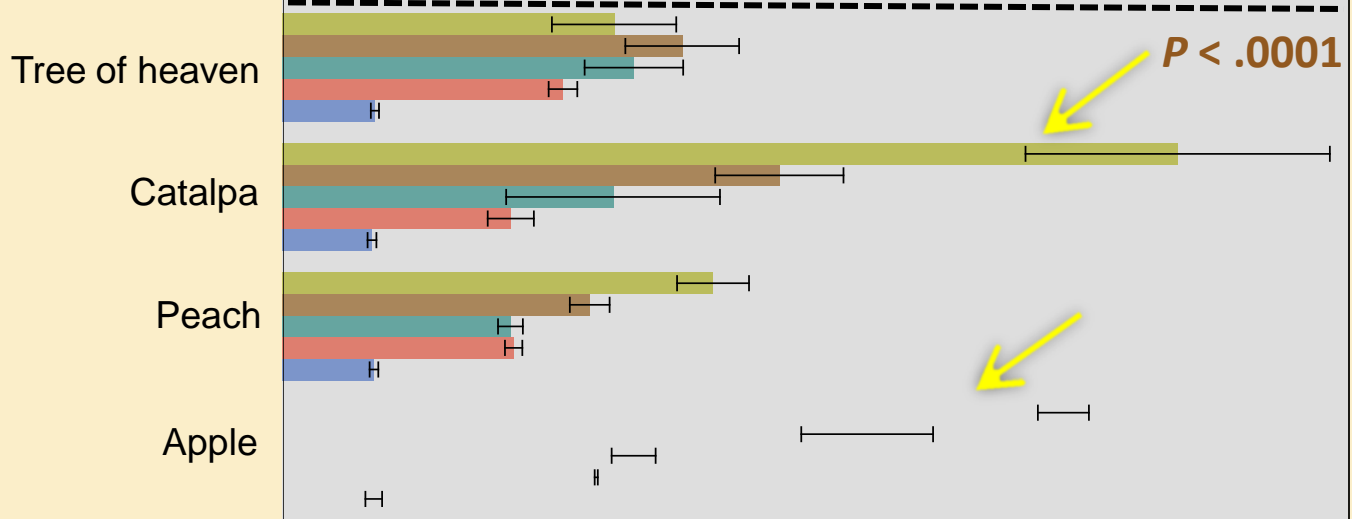
# RESULTS: STAGE-SPECIFIC STADIUM

- ✓ General trend: The shortest stage was 1<sup>st</sup> instar, followed by 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup>, then 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>
- ✓ 5<sup>th</sup> instar nymphs on apple and catalpa (single) required the longest time to molt

## Mixed diets



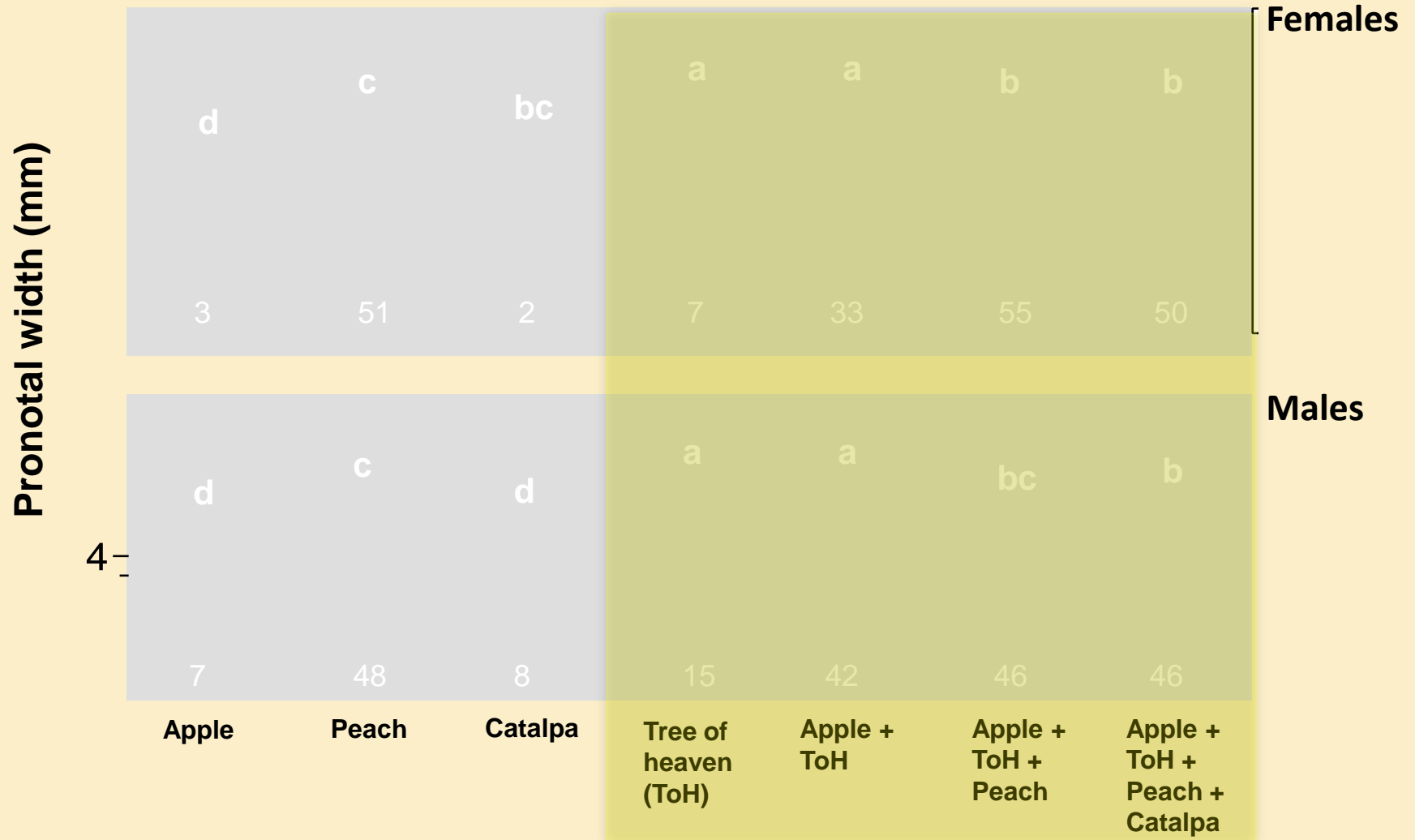
## Single diets



Mean days

# RESULTS: PRONOTAL WIDTH

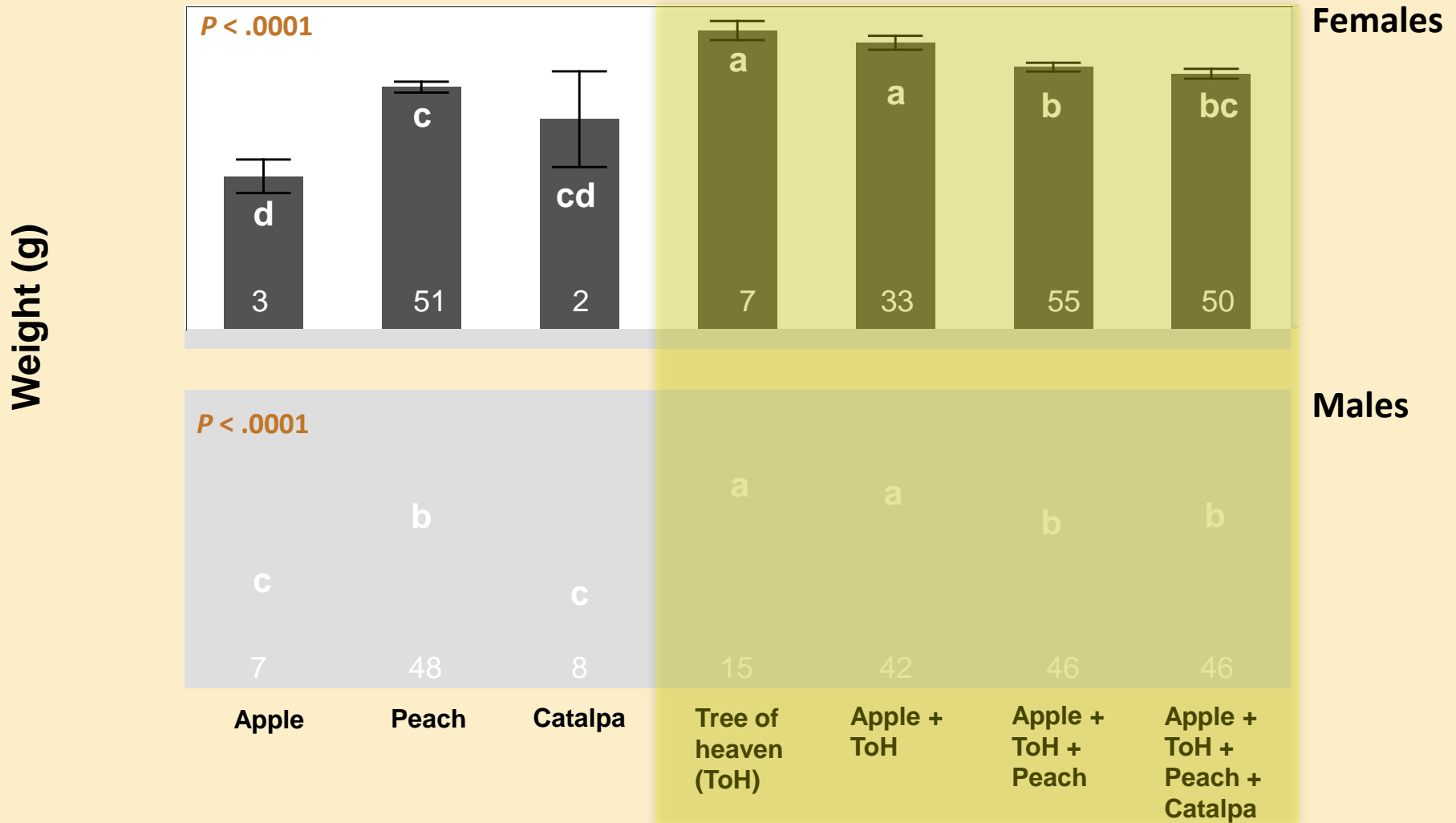
✓ Adults reared on mixed diets and ToH (single diet) were larger



Numbers in each bar indicate the number of individuals that reached adulthood.

# RESULTS: ADULT WEIGHT

✓ Adults reared on mixed diets and ToH (single diet) were heavier



Numbers in each bar indicate the number of individuals that reached adulthood.



# RESULTS SUMMARY

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- ◆ **Mixed diets proved to be optimal for nymphal survivorship and development**
  - ◆ **Combining 2 sub-optimal single diets (apple & ToH) resulted in increased survivorship**
  - ◆ **Nymphs reared on mixed diets and ToH resulted into bigger and larger adults**
- ◆ **Peach appeared to be the most suitable single host for BMSB development among the host plants tested**
- ◆ **Apple and catalpa were found to be least suitable as single diets**
- ◆ **Tree of heaven showed higher suitability toward the latter part of the growing season**

# FUTURE RESEARCH DIRECTIONS

- ◆ Is nymphal feeding preference influenced by host plant quality?
  - ◆ Host-choice experiment
- ◆ What is the pattern of nymphal dispersal throughout the growing season involving fruit tree and wild tree hosts?
  - ◆ Trunk traps



# THANK YOU!

# SALAMAT!

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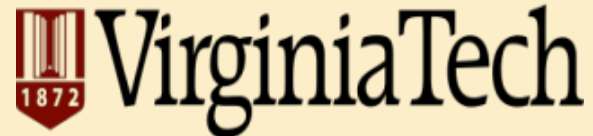
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# QUESTIONS & COMMENTS?

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